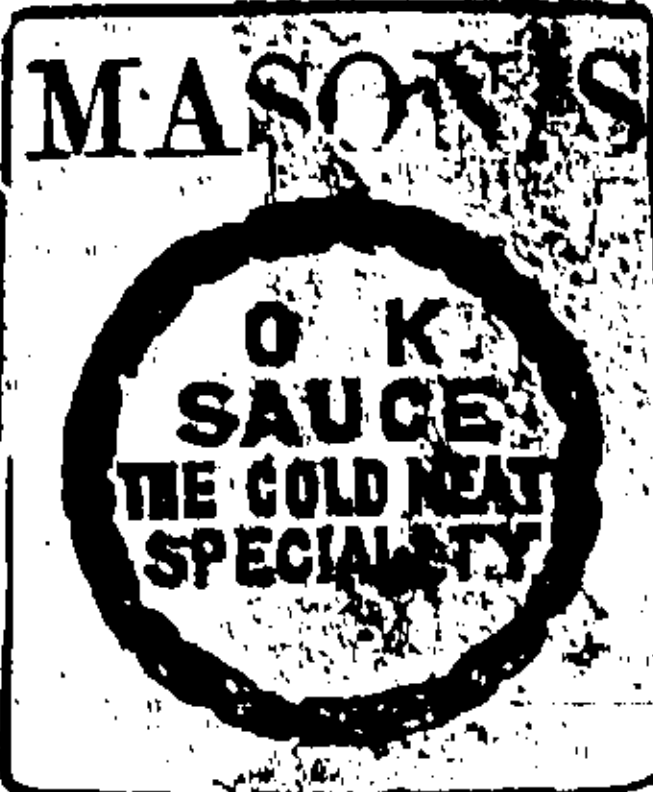




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TIME-TABLE

WEEK DAYS
7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes
8.00 " " 8.30 " " 10 " "
8.30 " " 9.00 " " 10 " "
9.00 " " 9.30 " " 10 " "
9.30 " " 10.00 " " 10 " "
10.00 " " 10.30 " " 10 " "
10.30 " " 11.00 " " 10 " "
11.00 " " 11.30 " " 10 " "
11.30 " " 12.00 " " 10 " "
12.00 p.m. to 1.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes
1.00 " " 1.30 " " 10 " "
1.30 " " 2.00 " " 10 " "
2.00 " " 2.30 " " 10 " "
2.30 " " 3.00 " " 10 " "
3.00 " " 3.30 " " 10 " "
3.30 " " 4.00 " " 10 " "

NIGHT CARS
8.50 p.m. to 9.00 p.m. Every 30 minutes
9.00 " " 11.30 p.m. Every 30 minutes
11.30 " " 11.45 p.m.

SATURDAY
Extra Car—12.00 Midnight.

SUNDAY
7.30 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes
10.30 " " 11.00 a.m. " 10 " "
11.00 " " 12.00 noon " 10 " "
12.00 noon to 1.00 p.m. " 10 " "
1.00 p.m. to 8.00 " " 10 " "
8.00 " " 8.30 " " 10 " "
8.30 " " 9.00 " " 10 " "
9.00 " " 9.30 " " 10 " "

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TIME-TABLE

On and after TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 16TH, 1919, until further Notice.
(All previous Time Tables cancelled.)

DOWN TRAINS

Stations	No. 2, 4 Local	No. 6 Through Express	No. 8 Local	No. 10 Through Express	No. 12 Local	No. 14 Through Express	No. 16 Local	No. 18 Through Express	No. 20 Local
CANTON (Tai Sha Tau)	dep.	7.30	8.30	9.30	10.30	11.30	12.30	1.30	2.30
Shek Lung	dep.	7.35	8.35	9.35	10.35	11.35	12.35	1.35	2.35
Shum Chun	dep.	7.40	8.40	9.40	10.40	11.40	12.40	1.40	2.40
Shum Shui	dep.	7.45	8.45	9.45	10.45	11.45	12.45	1.45	2.45
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	7.50	8.50	9.50	10.50	11.50	12.50	1.50	2.50
Tai Po	dep.	7.55	8.55	9.55	10.55	11.55	12.55	1.55	2.55
Tai Po Market	dep.	8.00	9.00	10.00	11.00	12.00	1.00	2.00	3.00
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	8.05	9.05	10.05	11.05	12.05	1.05	2.05	3.05
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	8.10	9.10	10.10	11.10	12.10	1.10	2.10	3.10
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	8.15	9.15	10.15	11.15	12.15	1.15	2.15	3.15
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	8.20	9.20	10.20	11.20	12.20	1.20	2.20	3.20
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	8.25	9.25	10.25	11.25	12.25	1.25	2.25	3.25
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	8.30	9.30	10.30	11.30	12.30	1.30	2.30	3.30
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	8.35	9.35	10.35	11.35	12.35	1.35	2.35	3.35
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	8.40	9.40	10.40	11.40	12.40	1.40	2.40	3.40
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	8.45	9.45	10.45	11.45	12.45	1.45	2.45	3.45
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	8.50	9.50	10.50	11.50	12.50	1.50	2.50	3.50
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	8.55	9.55	10.55	11.55	12.55	1.55	2.55	3.55
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	9.00	10.00	11.00	12.00	1.00	2.00	3.00	4.00
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	9.05	10.05	11.05	12.05	1.05	2.05	3.05	4.05
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	9.10	10.10	11.10	12.10	1.10	2.10	3.10	4.10
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	9.15	10.15	11.15	12.15	1.15	2.15	3.15	4.15
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	9.20	10.20	11.20	12.20	1.20	2.20	3.20	4.20
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	9.25	10.25	11.25	12.25	1.25	2.25	3.25	4.25
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	9.30	10.30	11.30	12.30	1.30	2.30	3.30	4.30
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	9.35	10.35	11.35	12.35	1.35	2.35	3.35	4.35
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	9.40	10.40	11.40	12.40	1.40	2.40	3.40	4.40
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	9.45	10.45	11.45	12.45	1.45	2.45	3.45	4.45
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	9.50	10.50	11.50	12.50	1.50	2.50	3.50	4.50
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	9.55	10.55	11.55	12.55	1.55	2.55	3.55	4.55
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	10.00	11.00	12.00	1.00	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	10.05	11.05	12.05	1.05	2.05	3.05	4.05	5.05
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	10.10	11.10	12.10	1.10	2.10	3.10	4.10	5.10
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	10.15	11.15	12.15	1.15	2.15	3.15	4.15	5.15
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	10.20	11.20	12.20	1.20	2.20	3.20	4.20	5.20
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	10.25	11.25	12.25	1.25	2.25	3.25	4.25	5.25
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	10.30	11.30	12.30	1.30	2.30	3.30	4.30	5.30
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	10.35	11.35	12.35	1.35	2.35	3.35	4.35	5.35
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	10.40	11.40	12.40	1.40	2.40	3.40	4.40	5.40
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	10.45	11.45	12.45	1.45	2.45	3.45	4.45	5.45
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	10.50	11.50	12.50	1.50	2.50	3.50	4.50	5.50
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	10.55	11.55	12.55	1.55	2.55	3.55	4.55	5.55
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	11.00	12.00	1.00	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	11.05	12.05	1.05	2.05	3.05	4.05	5.05	6.05
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	11.10	12.10	1.10	2.10	3.10	4.10	5.10	6.10
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	11.15	12.15	1.15	2.15	3.15	4.15	5.15	6.15
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	11.20	12.20	1.20	2.20	3.20	4.20	5.20	6.20
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	11.25	12.25	1.25	2.25	3.25	4.25	5.25	6.25
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	11.30	12.30	1.30	2.30	3.30	4.30	5.30	6.30
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	11.35	12.35	1.35	2.35	3.35	4.35	5.35	6.35
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	11.40	12.40	1.40	2.40	3.40	4.40	5.40	6.40
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	11.45	12.45	1.45	2.45	3.45	4.45	5.45	6.45
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	11.50	12.50	1.50	2.50	3.50	4.50	5.50	6.50
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	11.55	12.55	1.55	2.55	3.55	4.55	5.55	6.55
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	12.00	1.00	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	7.00
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	12.05	1.05	2.05	3.05	4.05	5.05	6.05	7.05
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	12.10	1.10	2.10	3.10	4.10	5.10	6.10	7.10
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	12.15	1.15	2.15	3.15	4.15	5.15	6.15	7.15
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	12.20	1.20	2.20	3.20	4.20	5.20	6.20	7.20
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	12.25	1.25	2.25	3.25	4.25	5.25	6.25	7.25
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	12.30	1.30	2.30	3.30	4.30	5.30	6.30	7.30
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	12.35	1.35	2.35	3.35	4.35	5.35	6.35	7.35
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	12.40	1.40	2.40	3.40	4.40	5.40	6.40	7.40
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	12.45	1.45	2.45	3.45	4.45	5.45	6.45	7.45
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	12.50	1.50	2.50	3.50	4.50	5.50	6.50	7.50
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	12.55	1.55	2.55	3.55	4.55	5.55	6.55	7.55
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	1.00	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	7.00	8.00
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	1.05	2.05	3.05	4.05	5.05	6.05	7.05	8.05
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	1.10	2.10	3.10	4.10	5.10	6.10	7.10	8.10
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	1.15	2.15	3.15	4.15	5.15	6.15	7.15	8.15
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	1.20	2.20	3.20	4.20	5.20	6.20	7.20	8.20
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	1.25	2.25	3.25	4.25	5.25	6.25	7.25	8.25
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	1.30	2.30	3.30	4.30	5.30	6.30	7.30	8.30
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	1.35	2.35	3.35	4.35	5.35	6.35	7.35	8.35
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	1.40	2.40	3.40	4.40	5.40	6.40	7.40	8.40
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	1.45	2.45	3.45	4.45	5.45	6.45	7.45	8.45
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	1.50	2.50	3.50	4.50	5.50	6.50	7.50	8.50
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	1.55	2.55	3.55	4.55	5.55	6.55	7.55	8.55
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	7.00	8.00	9.00
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	2.05	3.05	4.05	5.05	6.05	7.05	8.05	9.05
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	2.10	3.10	4.10	5.10	6.10	7.10	8.10	9.10
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	2.15	3.15	4.15	5.15	6.15	7.15	8.15	9.15
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	2.20	3.20	4.20	5.20	6.20	7.20	8.20	9.20
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	2.25	3.25	4.25	5.25	6.25	7.25	8.25	9.25
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	2.30	3.30	4.30	5.30	6.30	7.30	8.30	9.30
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	2.35	3.35	4.35	5.35	6.35	7.35	8.35	9.35
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	2.40	3.40	4.40	5.40	6.40	7.40	8.40	9.40
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	2.45	3.45	4.45	5.45	6.45	7.45	8.45	9.45
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	2.50	3.50	4.50	5.50	6.50	7.50	8.50	9.50
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	2.55	3.55	4.55	5.55	6.55	7.55	8.55	9.55
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	7.00	8.00	9.00	10.00
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	3.05	4.05	5.05	6.05	7.05	8.05	9.05	10.05
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	3.10	4.10	5.10	6.10	7.10	8.10	9.10	10.10
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	3.15	4.15	5.15	6.15	7.15	8.15	9.15	10.15
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	3.20	4.20	5.20	6.20	7.20	8.20	9.20	10.20
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	3.25	4.25	5.25	6.25	7.25	8.25	9.25	10.25
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	3.30	4.30	5.30	6.30	7.30	8.30	9.30	10.30
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	3.35	4.35	5.35	6.35	7.35	8.35	9.35	10.35
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	3.40	4.40	5.40	6.40	7.40	8.40	9.40	10.40
Yau Ma Tei	dep.	3.45	4.45	5.45	6.45	7.45	8.45	9.45	10.45



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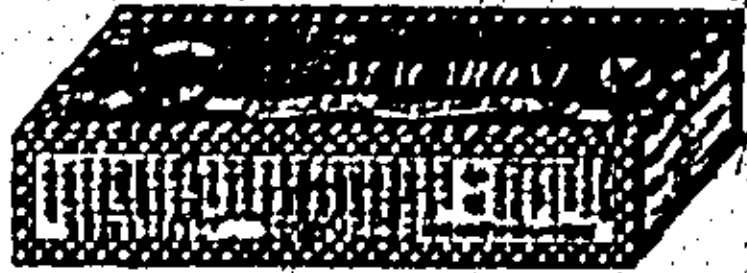
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ELLIS KADOORIE SCHOOL ANNUAL DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES.

INTERESTING SPEECH BY DR. CLAUD SEVERN, C.M.G.

The annual distribution of prizes to the students of the Ellis Kadoorie School was held in the School hall at noon, yesterday; the Hon. Dr. Claud Severn, C.M.G., performing the ceremony. Amongst others present were Sir Ellis Kadoorie, the Hon. Mr. Lau Chu-pak and Mr. E. Ralphs (Director of Education).

Mr. C. Mycock, the Headmaster, read the annual report, after which Dr. Severn addressed the boys. He said:—It gives me very great pleasure to come here for, I think, the fourth occasion, to present the prizes, since this school was taken over by the Government. I think we are very pleased to see here this morning your founder, Sir Ellis Kadoorie, and one of your chief benefactors, Mr. Lau Chu-pak. They continue to show great interest in this School and its increasing prosperity, must, I think, afford them great satisfaction. (Applause.) I was glad to notice in the report what was said about Mr. James who has recently left the Colony. Mr. James was a man of considerable attainments, who during the war did excellent work, and I am sure his services here are very greatly appreciated. He had a great imagination and the capacity for imparting the best kind of knowledge in a way which made learning a pleasure to his pupils. (Applause.) I also join with Mr. Mycock in the keen regret that he has expressed in the recent death of Mr. Chan Kai-ming, who was one of your benefactors, and who took an immense interest in the progress of education in this Colony. He had been a great friend of mine ever since I came to the Colony, and I heard of his death with much sorrow. You are fortunate in having, as your present Headmaster Mr. Mycock, who was in this school as master before it was taken over by the Government, and who now finds himself at home here in a more responsible position. Mr.

Mycock, during the past few years, has had remarkable experiences on active service. (Applause.) On his way home, just before reaching England, the ship in which he was travelling was submerged. He then joined that famous corps, the Hon. Artillery Co., and while training with that corps they were bombed from an enemy aircraft while in the Tower of London. He was wounded in France, and he was married to Mrs. Mycock whom I am very pleased to see here to-day. All those events took place in the short space of three months and I think it almost constitutes a war record. He now finds himself back in this very fine School and I am sure he must say sometimes with the Psalmist that he has gone through fire and water and that he has been brought to a lordly place. (Laughter.) I am very pleased to see the great progress made both in the numbers attending this School and the various activities connected with School life. I am very glad to see that you have a botanical department, as the Chinese are particularly fond of flowers and are wonderful adepts at growing the most glorious blooms in the most unpromising surroundings. You have also a dramatic society and rapidly growing library. In the report it is also mentioned that Captain Macaulay has been medical officer here and has examined and made recommendations in many cases. I want to emphasise this point that the Government is very interested in the medical examination of both boys and girls in the schools of Hongkong. In the Government schools this medical examination has been arranged for, especially as regards eyes and teeth, and the Government is prepared to help those who are found defective as regards eyes and teeth. Arrangements have been made for those with defective sight, to get spectacles at a low rate and it is hoped that parents will go even to some sacrifice to provide these for their children. If it is absolutely necessary the Government in some cases is prepared to provide them free of charge. Nothing can be more important than to take every precaution to prevent any defect of eye-sight getting worse, and as you are going to have the best medical advice free I consider it is the duty of all boys and their parents to see that the Government offer is taken advantage of. (Applause.) I have also heard with great pleasure of the success in swimming, but one thing I notice you have not got and that is a game in which I have lately acquired considerable interest—basket-ball, which is like volley-ball. The game can be played in a small area, but it requires greater activity, quickness of eye and training, and therefore, in Hongkong, I think, it has come to stay,

but I hope not to displace volley-ball. I have asked the question as to whether basket ball is likely to damage volley-ball, but I am told that the two will be played in different seasons. So that both games will be played just as cricket and football are in different seasons at home.

I came here the other day to look at the works of art done by the pupils, and I was particularly struck when I was told that some of these were done in School in a comparatively short time. In awarding the prizes I took that point into consideration. The work I was most interested in was done generally in the School, and, therefore, had not been laboriously copied from the work of other artists. Copying gives good practice, but in giving the two prizes I desired to encourage original work and work which shows real artistic perception. I have awarded the first prize to Ng Ping-kwong, who shows a good deal of work. His flower painting is really very good indeed, and he also exhibits a landscape which I am told had been done in about an hour in School. That landscape possesses three qualities—the composition is good; the perception is a curate and the colouring and atmosphere show great promise. (Applause.) I have awarded the second prize to Chung Man-tak. (Applause.) He has only shown a little work, but his study in sepia of an eagle sitting on a branch shows great promise. I had no hesitation in awarding him the prize. I will not keep you any longer except to say that the general progress and various activities show that the School is advancing and is making full use of the very fine building with which Sir Ellis Kadoorie endowed you. (Applause.)

I congratulate you, Mr. Mycock, on your first period of service as Headmaster and I hope that your efforts will continue to be as successful as they have been so far. (Applause.)

The prizes were next distributed and at the conclusion cheers were called for the Chairman, Sir Ellis Kadoorie, the visitors and the Headmaster and lustily given. The following was the Headmaster's report:—Mr. R. E. D. Bird went on leave in May, and was succeeded by Mr. B. James who acted as Headmaster until his retirement on account of ill-health on October 26th. Mr. James was a very successful Class Master, and while Queen's College will naturally associate him with their paper, *The Yellow Dragon* (which he, in co-operation with Mr. E. Ralphs, first produced 20 years ago), the Ellis Kadoorie School will remember him by his popular edition of "War Stories." The good wishes of the School go with him in his retirement. I returned from active service on the 26th September, and from the 26th October to present date have had charge of the School. Mrs. R. Langley was transferred here at the beginning of this term from Saiyungpun School, and has done good work. Changes in the Chinese Staff were due in two cases to masters joining business firms, and in others to promotions, and until the arrival of a temporary master last week, we were two Chinese masters below full strength. Pupil teachers and students from the University have attended here for practical experience in Class Management and Method.

The Maximum enrolment during the year was 629 and the average attendance 567, an increase of 73 over last year's figures. The figures have shown a gradual increase during the last five years. School work has been carried on as usual, and steady progress has been made. I was pleased to find, after a long absence, that the general standard throughout the School has been raised. There is still room for improvement in the lowest classes, however. The Vernacular Classes have been under the able supervision of Mr. Ng Fung Chan, whose assistance to me has been invaluable. Captain Macaulay, R.A.M.C., has during the term just closing visited the School as Medical Officer; about half the boys in attendance have been medically examined and recommendations made where necessary.

The various athletic and social activities of the School have been vigorously carried on. Our Botanical Department, which provides plants and flowers, is flourishing, as is also our latest venture, the School Band. Both these organizations are under the management of Mr. Lam Kwan Shan, who is a capable and energetic Treasurer.

The Dramatic Society continues to flourish and gave performances in connection with the Peace Day Celebrations and as a farewell to Mr. James. The Library under its able Librarian Mr. Chang Kai-in, steadily grows and now numbers 1,050 volumes. To the supply of periodicals we have this year added two English and twelve Chinese Magazines. It is matter of congratulation that it is entirely self-supporting.

Physical Drill has been carried on regularly this term, and the introduction of new exercises and games has enhanced its popularity. Discipline, on the whole, is good.

Swimming picnics were arranged in the summer term and were well attended. We lost the "Coronation Shield" to Queen's College Senior Team at their swimming sports by a touch. The encouragement given to swimming in this school has been great, and it is gratifying to follow the success of boys who may have left the school. One old boy took part in the Harbour Swim last year, and finished second. We had better results in the District Schools' Sports this year, and were second for the Ellis Kadoorie Challenge Shield. Shek Wing Kwan distinguished himself in Group 1 event, and the Chinese Masters took all the prizes offered in the Masters' Race. We also won the Tug of War.

We cannot boast of much success in Football, but in Volley Ball Junior "A" won the Volley Ball Junior League Cup this term, and Kids "A" have, for the fifth term in succession, won the Bowl in the Small Boys' Division. We had a visit from the Canton Normal College Team when they were on tour, and Junior "A" had a successful tour in Canton during the Christmas Holidays. Tennis has also been played. Mr. Ng Chung Sau, the Sports Master, is to be congratulated on the successful year.

I report with regret that the school has lost a valued friend by the death of the late Mr. Chan Kai Ming, who was intimately connected with this school from its foundation.

Our thanks are due to all the generous donors of scholarships and prizes.

Special prizes for special subjects are keenly contested for, and evoke great interest. I desire to thank you, Dr. Severn, for the donation of prizes for the Art Competition; and for coming here to present the prizes to-day.

THE PRIZE LIST.

The following was the prize list:—

SCHOLARSHIPS FOR QUEEN'S COLLEGE.

JULY, 1919.

Lung Cheung Ling, Tai Yau Scholarship for 1918.

Cheng Chung Si, Chan Kai Ming Scholarship for 1918.

Ho Wai Fan, Government Scholarship.

Li Chung Lok, Government Scholarship.

Cheng Chung U, Tai Yau Scholarship.

Chan Ying Pan, Government Scholarship.

Wong Hung Mi, Lau Chu Pak Scholarship.

Chu Hung Ki, Ho Kom Tong Scholarship.

Li Chung Lok, Lugard Scholarship.

ENGLISH CLASSES.

Class 5A, Chan Kai Ming Scholarship.

Kam Wa Kui, Ho Kom Tong Scholarship.

Chau Shiu Ki, 1st, Ho Ka Ming.

Class 1B, (F.S. to Class 4) Ma Chiu Kui; 2nd, Lam Shit Kun.

Class 6A, (F.S. to Class 5) Ma Wai Kui; 2nd, Wong Man Fu.

Class 6B, 1st, Ng Wing; 2nd, Lui Chi Shui.

Class 6C, 1st, Yeung Yu Kan; 2nd, Fan Chung Man.

Class 7A, (F.S. to Class 6), Leung Kam Tong; 2nd, Cheung Koon Yau.

Class 7B, 1st, Leung Kai Sheung; 2nd, Ho Ho Man.

Class 7C, 1st, Lam Tak Cheung; 2nd, Cheng Chi Hung.

Class 7D, 1st, Chu Keng Po; 2nd, Tse Chan Yau.

Class 8A, 1st, Hu Kong Piu; 2nd, Wong To Pui.

Class 8B, (F.S. to Class 7), Lu Po Fong; 2nd, Leung In Choo.

Class 8C, 1st, Ng Yu Wa; 2nd, Chiu Kai Sun.

Class 8D, 1st, Yden Hok Lim; 2nd, Tsoi Woon Kuen.

Class 8E, 1st, Ng Koon Tim; 2nd, Wu Mo Tak.

Class 8F, 1st, Lam Sik Cheung; 2nd, Lam Wai Man.

Class 8G, 1st, Chan Ping Fui; 2nd, Li Yung Kwong.

Class 8H, 1st, Lui Lung Yat; 2nd, Yuen Ngan Hung.

Class 8I, 1st, Li Ka Yui; 2nd, Pau Nai He.

Class 8J, 1st, Chan Chun Kong; 2nd, Wong Yuen Fong.

VERNACULAR CLASSES.

Class 4, 1st, Cheung King Hung; 2nd, Li Chung Lok; 3rd, Cheng Chung U.

Class 5, 1st, Liu Kwok Leung; 2nd, Im Map Chiu; 3rd, Ng Wa Man.

Class 6, 1st, Wong Man Pan; 2nd, Chan Ping Fui; 3rd, Ip Wan Chi.

Class 7, 1st, Fung Shiu Yung; 2nd, Lo Yung Kwong; 3rd, Wong To Chiu.

Class 8, 1st, Pun Nai-hi; 2nd, Lok I In; 3rd, Tse Sui Un.

ART PRIZES.

1st, Ng Ping Kwong; 2nd, Chung Man Tak.

CHINA'S GREAT DEFICIT. NOTHING BUT BANKRUPTCY AHEAD

The President of China's statement to the members of the Peking Parliament that the deficit for the year is \$240,000,000 created no surprise amongst those who have studied China's financial position. His assertion that 40 per cent. of this deficit is due to increased military expenditure and that if the military leaders refuse to reduce the number of their troops, bankruptcy will certainly follow, is only to state a very evident truth.

The available income of the country has been assessed by Chinese officials at \$70,000,000.

From this sum the payment of national debts swallows up \$120,000,000, and administrative expenses cannot be put at a lower figure than \$130,000,000. This leaves only \$10,000,000 for the army and navy, whereas the Peking Government has been spending over \$230,000,000 on the army, plus the extraordinary expenses incurred through the rupture with the South-western provinces.

Then the military expenditure of the latter is reported to total \$240,000,000, and Peking has been deprived of important revenues. Moreover, about \$7,150,000 has been expended on the Navy.

Thus we have:

	Millions.
Income	\$70
Debt charges	\$120
Administration	130
Army	230
Navy	7
Other items	20
Total	\$507
Deficit	\$137

Plus expenses of South-west.

The aggregate expenditure for the current fiscal year was estimated several months ago at not less than this sum of \$507,000,000, by certain enlightened officials, the smallest possible deficit, therefore, being \$137,000,000. The President says it is in fact \$240,000,000.

How then is the balance made up?

Again we turn to the President. He attributes 40 per cent. of the total deficit to increased military expenditure; if his figures are correct there has been a good deal of self-restraint in other spending departments.

POSITION AT VLADIVOSTOCK.

HARBIN, January 23rd.

Latest advices from Vladivostok indicate that the leaders of the Social Revolutionaries, in co-operation with the Bolsheviks, are secretly assembling in the outskirts of the city and are waiting for an opportunity to rise against General Rosanoff and General Semenov. It is feared that the coming withdrawal of American troops and the Czech-Slovaks from Vladivostok will seriously endanger the safety of the residents because there are several battalions of Russian military units who are still loyal to the Kolchak administration and who will surely oppose the Reds by force of arms as their comrades did in Irkutsk. The American transports will reach Vladivostok about the middle of February next. According to official information from China, the new Government of General Semenov has been established there. Through the mediation of the Japanese garrison at Chita, the trouble between the Czech-Slovaks and General Semenov has been settled. The former have returned all the arms. Opinions on the withdrawal of the American troops from Siberia are divided. The adherents of the Social Revolutionaries welcome the news, but Russian moderates regard it as certain that the Bolsheviks will again overrun the whole of eastern Siberia and the three Russian maritime provinces immediately after the departure of the American forces.

HONGKONG DEFENCE CORPS.

ORDERS FOR CADET COMPANY BY LIEUT. A. O. BRAWN.

STRENGTH.

Cadet James Lloyd Howell joined on January 30th, and is posted to Section 4.

Bugler Logan is permitted to resign on leaving the Colony.

PARADES.

All Sections, Band and Instructors at Headquarters on Monday, 8th inst., at 5.15 p.m.

N.C.O.s and Instructor at Headquarters on Thursday, 12th inst., at 5.15 p.m.

G. E. STEWART, Capt.

Adjutant, H.K.D.C.

NOTICE.

Return of Arms and Equipment.

All former members of the Corps, who have not yet done so, are requested to return their rifles, ammunition and equipment to Headquarters at once.

Hongkong, February 6th, 1920.

COMPANY MEETING.

HONGKONG AND KOWLOON WHARF AND GODOWN CO.

The annual general meeting of the above Company was held in the offices of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., yesterday, the Hon. Mr. John Johnstone presiding. The others present were Sir Paul Chater, the Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, the Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell, Messrs. A. H. Compton, C. S. Gabbay, D. K. Moss, J. W. C. Bonnar, L. S. Greenhill, T. Petrie, E. Abraham, Ho Leung, F. Smyth, R. Hancock, A. W. Heron, I. W. Kew, Chan Yut Fung, and P. Tester (shareholders), and W. S. Brown (secretary).

The Chairman said:—Gentlemen,—The net profit for the year shows a satisfactory increase on its predecessor, the main feature of the year's working being increased revenue from storage. There was a falling off in our earnings from lighterwork due to the fact that a large quantity of transhipment cargo which was diverted through this port during the war is now apparently reverting to former routes.

Early in the year you passed a special resolution increasing the capital of the Company to \$4,000,000 representing 80,000 shares on which we are paying dividends this year, against 50,000 shares last year; this will explain why, although the total amount recommended to be distributed to shareholders is the same as last year, the bonus per share is reduced from \$4 to \$1.50.

Your directors are taking advantage of the satisfactory result of the year's working to write down the value of wharves, lighters and launches as the deterioration of these perishable assets increases with their age and more especially is this so with our lighters, a large number of which, it will be necessary to replace during the next few years. I feel sure our policy in this direction will meet with your approval. To safeguard as far as possible from fire, the very large quantity of important current documents and records necessary to a business like ours, and to cope with the requirements of an increased staff, we intend demolishing the present office at Kowloon and building on the same site, a larger and more modern office with reinforced pillars and floors. To this end, it is advisable to reduce the book value of the present building and we propose to set aside out of this year's profits, the sum of \$25,000 for the depreciation of buildings. It is our intention as soon as we can obtain the materials from Europe, to lengthen our No. 1 wharf, this being necessary in view of the increasing number of larger steamers which we anticipate will be operating in these waters and which we hope will utilise our wharves, offering as the latter do, increasing facilities for cargo and passengers. Whilst on this subject, it might not be out of place to suggest to the Committee which has recently been formed to consider the economic resources of the Colony, that the general question of the development of our harbour deserves immediate and careful attention. It is more than probable that as time goes on, vessels of greater length and deeper draft will replace the present day ship, and if Hongkong is to retain her pride of place as one of the greatest shipping ports in the world, it is most necessary that steps should be taken forthwith to so improve our harbour—the only really valuable asset possessed by this Colony—as will enable the largest of merchant and passenger vessels to navigate with safety therein. Necessity for improvement in this respect is already being felt, and as the time is not far distant when we may reasonably expect a very large increase in the shipments of China produce from this part of the world by reason of the opening of the Canton-Hankow Line, it is essential that we should be in a better position than hitherto or possibly Shanghai, to handle and load cargo on a large scale. As usual, I have to report that owing to the effects of bad weather during the year, our lighters suffered considerable damage, our bill for repairs in this connection amounting to over \$7,000.

My attention has been directed to an anonymous letter, in this morning's issue of the Daily Press criticising the recommendations of the Directors about which you are shortly going to record your votes. I am personally disinclined to take any notice at all of anonymous letters, but I

(Continued at foot of next column.)

CHURCH MISSIONARY ASSOCIATION.

A very well attended "Drawing Room" meeting was held at the Helena May Institute on the 5th inst. on the kind invitation of Mrs. Moorhead. The Bishop of Victoria, Hongkong, presided and in a brief opening speech thanked Mrs. Moorhead for organising the meeting on behalf of the C.M.A. which is rendering such valuable assistance to the work of Church Extension in this large Diocese. He took the opportunity of cordially thanking all contributors to the splendid special Church Collections of \$4,750 on January 11th that had met the loss on Exchange up to the end of 1919 in some of the most urgent cases. The Committee had divided the money as follows:—Taung Tsing Pastorale \$600 (earmarked). Reprinting Prayer Books \$600. To avert 10 per cent. Reduction on Catechist and Bible women's Salaries, \$950. Chinese Deacon \$340, Pakhoi \$300, Nanning and Lingshan \$400, Yunnan \$300, Shek Ki Church Building \$250, St. Andrew's Hall, Canton \$400, Tsin Tuen (ear marked) \$100. The Bishop stated that the equipment of the Chapel in the new St. Andrew's Hall of the Training College was badly needing about \$200, but that was waiting in the hope that some one would like to give a special, possibly a memorial Reredos. The two appointed speakers were Miss Knap the lady Superintendent of the Blind Girls Orphanage, Kowloon, and Archdeacon Barnett. The former, who is herself blind, gave a most interesting account of the capabilities and accomplishments of the blind. For many years this work was done by German ladies, but when it was no longer possible for them to continue the work the Church Missionary Society took it over as well as the Pokfulam Ebenezer Foundling Home. Miss Knap explained that the girls learn to read and write and they have a considerable industry in knitting and brush making. They also sing very sweetly. Many of them go back to their homes to be valuable helpers and true missionaries. Archdeacon Barnett gave a most interesting address in which he explained the tremendous possibilities and the enormous growth of the work at Canton and other places in South China at the very time when the C.M.S. by reason of the high dollar is so crippled for funds. After the addresses those present partook of tea and inspected the work done by the blind girls.

think it opportune to say that: If "Interested" is a shareholder, and, therefore, entitled to put questions, the obvious course open to him is to avail himself of the opportunity, which will be accorded to all shareholders as soon as the resolution I am now proposing has been seconded, of asking for further information about the report and accounts, and if the questions are proper ones I will answer them to the best of my ability. But it is difficult to resist the conclusion that the cloak of anonymity usually conceals the eritic disappointed of personal gain, and I confess I find it difficult to trace in the matter of this letter a capacity to see further than the length of an ordinary nose. It may be sometimes for gotten, that Companies such as the Wharf Company look to outlive the individual by many years, and it is with future necessities in view that the Directors are actuated in their proposals to-day; and not in the desire to "play a game." I do not think there is anything more that calls for comment, and I now beg to propose the adoption of the report and accounts. After the motion has been seconded, I will be pleased to answer any questions shareholders may wish to put.

Mr. Moxon: After the full and interesting speech of the Chairman there is nothing necessary or useful for me to add. The shareholders are to be congratulated on the excellent figures. I have great pleasure in seconding the motion.

The motion was carried unanimously. Messrs. D. K. Moss and J. W. C. Bonnar were confirmed on the Directorate, on the proposition of Mr. Lammert, seconded by Mr. Hancock. Messrs. C. S. Gabbay and A. David were re-elected Directors, on the proposition of Mr. Ho Leung, seconded by Mr. Smyth. Messrs. F. Maitland and H. Percy Smith were re-elected auditors, with a remuneration of \$500 each, on the proposition of Mr. Greenhill, seconded by Mr. Petrie. There being no further business the meeting terminated.

EXPORTING SILVER. SEVERAL PROSECUTIONS.

Mr. N. L. Smith had before him at the Magistracy, yesterday, three cases of attempting to export small silver coins. The first man who was arrested on the Canton wharf, was charged with attempting to export \$10 worth of subsidiary coins. He pleaded "not guilty," and said that he changed the money to pay coolies' wages. He went on the wharf to see a friend off.

Sergeant Shannon admitted that the defendant had no luggage, but said that once these men passed the searchers on the wharf, the Police had no means of discovering where the coins went to. The Magistrate ordered the coins to be confiscated.

Another man, who said that he was a room-boy employed at the King Edward Hotel, was charged with attempting to export \$13.40. He said that he changed the money for his "own use." He went to the Canton wharf to see a friend to whom he intended entrusting his son to learn the theatrical profession.

Mr. Smith: Were you going to trust your money to your friend too? No. In this case it was also admitted that the defendant had no luggage. As in the other case, the money was ordered to be confiscated.

A third man (who was arrested on the Wing Lok (Macao Wharf) was charged with attempting to export \$23 worth of local silver ten-cent pieces. He said he was a grass cutter in the country, and was a grass cutter in the country, and was returning came here on a visit. He was returning to the country when he was arrested. He did not know it was unlawful to export silver coins.

Insp. Davitt said that it was quite possible that the defendant did not know local regulations. He looked like a man from the country. The Magistrate remarked that probably the money represented the savings of several people in the country. A fine of \$10 was imposed, and the defendant was ordered to change the silver into bank notes.

HOUSE-BOY IMPRISONED. DISAPPEARS WITH MASTER'S WATCH.

A Chinese, a house boy employed by Mr. Stokes of No. 23, Nathan Road, Kowloon, was charged before Mr. N. L. Smith, at the Magistracy, yesterday, with larceny of a gold wristlet watch and five \$1 notes, the property of Mr. Stokes; and with theft of a pair of trousers, a coat and waistcoat, and a gold ring, the property of Mr. Stokes' cook.

The defendant pleaded "guilty" to the theft of the watch, money and trousers, but denied that he took the coat and waistcoat or that he knew anything about the gold ring, which was alleged to have been kept in the pocket of the missing coat. Sergeant Aris said that it was quite possible that the defendant did not know anything about the ring. The sergeant said that the defendant left the house at 10 and 11 a.m. on the 4th inst., and did not return. Mr. Stokes discovered the loss of his watch and money about 2 p.m., and reported the matter to the Police, communicating to them his suspicion of the defendant. The defendant was arrested in a brothel at 11 p.m. He was wearing the missing waistcoat at the time of his arrest. All the stolen property has been recovered from various pawnshops. The ring was discovered in the pocket of the coat. It was quite possible that the defendant did not notice the ring.

Mr. Smith passed sentence of one month's hard labour.

SPORT.

CRICKET.

CRAIGENGOWER v. STAFF AND DEPARTMENTS.

The following will represent Craigen-gower in their League fixture against the Staff and Dept. on the C.C.C. ground to-day:—L. E. Lammert, F. G. Thompson, J. Kennedy, S. Jex, W. Hall, U. Omar, M. Abbas, Y. Abbas, M. Pinaas, H. W. Ramsay, and R. Baga.

FOOTBALL.

KOWLOON v. SOUTH CHINA "A."

The following team will represent the Kowloon F.C. in a Second Division League match v. South China Athletic Club, to-day, on the "A" kick-off at 2.30 p.m. to-day, on the Club ground:—W. A. Hyder, A. Jackson, G. White, and W. Hamilton; W. Taylor, C. E. Millard, J. Rasmussen, T. L. Knight, and R. Talam.

ROYAL HONGKONG GOLF CLUB.

LADIES SECTION.

A Bogey competition will be played over the big course at Fanling on Thursday, February 19th, for a cup kindly presented by Mrs. John W. Taylor. Ladies to choose their own opponents. Three quarters of handicaps.

BILLIARDS.

OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP OF THE COLONY.

The first match in the competition for the open billiard championship of the Colony will be played on February 23rd, when W. J. Langford meets J. Parkes. Other matches in the 1st round (500 up) are:—

February 24th.—E. Guimaraes v. P. A. Gray.
February 25th.—A. C. Rozario v. S. Golding.
February 26th.—A. G. Pite v. E. B. Kwok.
February 27th.—Ng Sze Kwong v. S. K. Kwok.
March 1st.—W. Hall v. Wong Po Kung.

MARATHON RACE.

RESULT OF DRAW.

The following is the result of the draw for places at starting point:—

1st Row.
1.—Gunner Jamma Khan, H.K.S.B.R.G.A.
2.—Pte. Gray, Wilts.
3.—L. Stoker Fairley, Hawkins.
4.—Pte. Thomas, Wilts.
5.—Leung Yuk-tong, South China Athletic.
6.—Sepoy Shah Bas Khan, 74th Punjabis.
7.—Pte. Higgins, Wilts, 74th Punjabis.
8.—Sepoy Nawab Khan, 74th Punjabis.
9.—Gunner Sher Khan, H.K.S.B.R.G.A.
10.—Sepoy Nik Mohamed, 74th Punjabis.

2nd Row.
11.—Sepoy Karam Singh, 74th Punjabis.
12.—Sepoy Munsaddi, 74th Punjabis.
13.—Pte. S. Martin, Wilts.
14.—Pte. Eastmond, Wilts.
15.—Stoker O'Rourke, Hawkins.
16.—Sergeant Scudamore, Wilts.
17.—Sepoy Bhag Singh, 74th Punjabis.
18.—Pte. Day, Wilts.
19.—M. Sadiq, Indian Recreation Club.
20.—Pte. Humphries, Wilts.

3rd Row.
21.—Gr. Mohamed Saleh, H.K.S.B.R.G.A.
22.—Sepoy Hyat Mohamed, 74th Punjabis.
23.—Stoker Hollyhead, Alcester.
24.—S. P. O. Smith, Hawkins.
25.—A. B. Norton, Hawkins.
26.—A. B. Johnson, Hawkins.
27.—M. R. A. Grice, Carlisle.
28.—O. S. Field, Hawkins.
29.—L. C. Drew, Wilts.
30.—Stoker Howell, Hawkins.

4th Row.
31.—Pte. Scott, Wilts.
32.—Pte. Elms, Wilts.
33.—L. C. Houltain, Wilts.
34.—Pte. Davy, Wilts.
35.—Pte. Skull, Wilts.
36.—Eric Carr, Jardine, Matheson & Co.
37.—Sergeant Platt, Wilts.
38.—Pte. Corbin, Wilts.
39.—Lieut. Lees, 22nd Punjabis.
40.—L. C. Nye, Wilts.

5th Row.
41.—G. A. Hyder, Indian Recreation Club.
42.—Naiak Rattan Singh, 22nd Punjabis.
43.—A. B. Bailey, Ambrose.
44.—N. B. Mohamed, Kowloon.
45.—A. B. Watson, Hawkins.
46.—Sepoy Bhattan Singh, 74th Punjabis.
47.—Sepoy Teja Singh, 22nd Punjabis.
48.—D. Loring, Queen's College.
49.—L. C. Hibberd, Wilts.
50.—S. P. O. Woods, Carlisle.

6th Row.
51.—Pte. Mayne, Wilts.
52.—Gunner Hudson, H.G.A.
53.—Pte. Bridewell, Wilts.
54.—Pte. Woodward, Wilts.
55.—Sepoy Arjan Singh, 22nd Punjabis.
56.—Stoker Barry, L. 15.
57.—Captain Bourdillon, 22nd Punjabis.
58.—Sepoy Garbakh Singh, 74th Punjabis.
59.—L. Tel. Conway, L. 9.
60.—Pte. Pearce, Wilts.

7th Row.
61.—Pte. Budd, Wilts.
62.—L. Stoker Griggs, Hawkins.
63.—L. Stoker Norris, Hawkins.
64.—Pte. Armstrong, Wilts.
65.—Sepoy Ram Singh, 74th Punjabis.
66.—L. C. Jackson, Wilts.
67.—Sergeant Gracy, Wilts.
68.—A. B. Smith, Hawkins.
69.—Lieut. Harris, Wilts.
70.—Pte. Quick, Wilts.

8th Row.
71.—R. M. Omar, Moxon & Taylor.
72.—Gunner Nadra Singh, H.K.S.B.R.G.A.
73.—Pte. Fielding, Wilts.
74.—Eileen, Taylor, Carlisle.
75.—A. B. Frost, L. 15.
76.—Gunner Amar Singh, H.K.S.B.R.G.A.
77.—Corpl. Rooney, Wilts.
78.—M. Fukuchi, Mitsui Bussan Kaisha.
79.—Stoker Payne, Hawkins.
80.—Gunner Mehar Singh, H.K.S.B.R.G.A.

9th Row.
81.—Sergeant Smith, Wilts.
82.—Sergeant Gaylard, Wilts.
83.—Sepoy Joti Ram, 74th Punjabis.
84.—Pte. Martin, Wilts.
85.—Pte. Mur Mohamed, H.K.S.B.R.G.A.
86.—Gunner Sadhu Singh, H.K.S.B.R.G.A.
87.—Pte. Spiller, Wilts.
88.—Sepoy Mangal Singh, 74th Punjabis.
89.—Sergeant Whitley, Wilts.
90.—A. B. Whitehead, Hawkins.

10th Row.
91.—Sepoy Munah Singh, 74th Punjabis.
92.—L. C. Reall, Wilts.
93.—A. S. Davis, Alcester.
94.—Stoker Williams, L. 15.
95.—Pte. Hemming, Wilts.
96.—H. W. Fraser, H.K. Police.
97.—L. C. Britton, Wilts.
98.—Sergeant Smith, Hawkins.
99.—Inspector R. B. Wood, Sanitary Board.
100.—Pte. Davidson, Wilts.

11th Row.
101.—Boy Coles, Hawkins.
102.—O. S. Colgate, Hawkins.
103.—Sepoy Feroz Khan, 74th Punjabis.
104.—Stoker Wilds, Hawkins.
105.—Bugler Amar Singh, 74th Punjabis.
106.—Stoker Marsh, Hawkins.
107.—A. E. Evans, Hawkins.
108.—Hung Kam-sang, Queen's College.
109.—Gunner Lal Khan, H.K.S.B.R.G.A.
110.—Pte. Carter, Wilts.

12th Row.
111.—Inspector Old, Sanitary Board.
112.—J. Marshall, Loxley & Co.
113.—A. B. Boorman, Hawkins.
114.—Stoker Jolley, Hawkins.
115.—Pte. Benke, Wilts.
116.—Pte. Hardy, Wilts.
117.—W. Seal, Kowloon Dock.
118.—A. B. Russell, Hawkins.
119.—Pte. H. S. Smith, Wilts.
120.—A. B. Ford, Hawkins.

13th Row.
121.—Gunner Jahan Khan, H.K.S.B.R.G.A.
122.—Sepoy Mahub Khan, 74th Punjabis.
123.—Gunner Nizam Din, H.K.S.B.R.G.A.
124.—Havildar Rur Singh, H.K.S.B.R.G.A.
125.—Gunner Karam Singh, H.K.S.B.R.G.A.
126.—Pte. King, Wilts.
127.—Pte. King, Wilts.
128.—L. Nk. Gublan Mohd, H.K.S.B.R.G.A.
129.—Corpl. Norman, Wilts.
130.—Stoker Walters, Hawkins.

14th Row.
131.—A. B. Dubock, L. 15.
132.—Pte. Ward, Wilts.
133.—Pte. Mask, Wilts.
134.—Lieut. Dale, H.K.S.B.R.G.A.
135.—B. A. Hyder, Indian Recreation Club.
136.—Pte. Theiler, Wilts.
137.—Sergeant Dale Singh, 74th Punjabis.
138.—Lieut. Bowen, Wilts.
139.—Gunner Hasham Ali, H.K.S.B.R.G.A.
140.—O. S. Willoughby, Hawkins.

15th Row.
141.—Lieut. Dodington, Wilts.
142.—Gr. Thakar Singh, H.K.S.B.R.G.A.
143.—Sepoy Hazara Singh, 22nd Punjabis.

LANE, CRAWFORD & COMPANY

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED LINCOLN & BENNETT

HAND-MADE FELT HATS

NEW SHAPES IN BOWLERS FOR THE RACES

SOFT FELTS IN THE LATEST STYLES AND COLOURS \$7.50 TO \$10.00

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

Just received from U.S.A., a new shipment of Typewriters—different models.

Inspection cordially invited by—

UNIVERSAL IMPORT & EXPORT CO., HOTEL MANSIONS, TOP FLOOR, HONGKONG.

NEW ENGLISH RECORDS

JUST RECEIVED "WHO'S HOOPER?" SELECTIONS AND SONGS.

"BRAN PIE" SELECTIONS AND SONGS.

The Anderson Music Co., Ltd., (THE COLUMBIA SHOP), 16, Des Voeux Road, Tel. 1322.

Powell Ltd

TELEPHONE 346

JUST ARRIVED

SMART RAINCOATS

for Ladies.

OILSKIN COATS

with

SOUTHERNERS TO MATCH for Girls & Boys.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB

RACE MEETING 1920.

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY
and SATURDAY.

FEBRUARY 11TH, 12TH, 13TH and 14TH.

TICKETS OF ADMISSION TO THE GRAND STAND AND ENCLOSURE may be obtained from Messrs. KELLY & WATSON, Limited, or at the Gate. Price \$12.00 for each day for the Meeting.
No one admitted without a Ticket, to be shown to the Ticket Inspector at the Gate.
T. F. HOUGH,
Clerk of the Course.
Hongkong, February 7th, 1920. [371]

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB

PASSES for Servants will be issued on application to the Undersecretary on SATURDAY, February 22nd.
No Servants will be allowed inside the ENCLOSURE of the Race Course during the Races Days WITHOUT TICKETS, which can be had on application to the Undersecretary. These Tickets are only available for Servants while in attendance on their employers or when on duty at the various Stands.
Any Chinese found loitering about with Servants' passes in their possession will forfeit them, and the holders thereof will be removed from the Enclosure.
T. F. HOUGH,
Clerk of the Course.
Hongkong, February 7th, 1920. [372]

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that owing to the death of Mr. B. D. KAPTEYN the undersigned Ponies entered in his name to run at the forthcoming Race Meeting have been sold by Public Auction and will run in the interest and colours of the purchasers as follows:
Lousa Mr. G. C. MOYON
Sinza Mr. JOHN PEEL
Spotted Sand Mr. SOARES
Runaway Light Mr. T. F. HOUGH
By Order,
T. F. HOUGH,
Clerk of the Course.
Hongkong, February 6th, 1920. [373]

R. A. O. B.

THE "HARRY BRETTILL" LODGE assembly every TUESDAY in the R. A. Theatre, Victoria Barracks, at 7.30 p.m. All Buffs cordially invited.
359

LOST

LOST from No. 18, Shelly Street, BULL TERRIER BITCH. Answers name of Molly. Finder will be rewarded returning same.
360

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY
(British Section).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that commencing from this date and until further notice the Train at present advertised to leave Kowloon at 12.01 p.m. on SATURDAYS only, will run on all ordinary week days, returning from Shum Chun at 5.04 p.m.
By Order
H. P. WINSLOW,
Manager.
Kowloon, February 5th, 1920. 362

NOTICE

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LTD.

CERTIFICATES Nos. 1845 and 3635 for 2 and 1 old silver shares Nos. 10649/10650 and 10126 respectively standing in the books of the Society in the name of EDWARD WILLIAM MATTHEWS of YOKOHAMA, JAPAN, have been declared LOST and if at the expiration of one month from the date hereof the above documents be not forthcoming the same will be deemed cancelled and of no effect.
C. P. HAY,
Deputy General Manager.
Hongkong, January 13th, 1920. [327]

IN THE NETHERLAND CONSULAR COURT AT HANGHAI (CHINA).

In re ESTATE of BAREND DIRK KAPTEYN, deceased.

PURSUANT to an order of the Court NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Court appointed H. E. BODDE, Esquire, of the Holland China Trading Company, 42, Mianse Road, Shanghai, and E. J. HUNTER, Esquire, of 95, Bubbling Well Road, Shanghai, to be joint administrators of the estate of the late BAREND DIRK KAPTEYN, of Shanghai, who died at Shanghai on the 16th of January, 1920.
All persons having claims against the said estate are hereby advised to forward a statement thereof, with vouchers attached, to the administrators aforementioned, on or before the first day of April, 1920, after which date said administrators will proceed to liquidate the estate in accordance with the Law of The Netherlands.
And all persons indebted to the said estate are required to make payment forthwith to the administrators aforementioned.
Done this 22nd day of January, 1920
A. J. VAN BOVEN,
Clerk.
235

INTIMATIONS

UNION WATERBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE FIFTEENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS will be held in the Office of Messrs. DODWELL & CO., Limited, on MONDAY, FEBRUARY 8TH, 1920, at 11.00 a.m., for the purpose of receiving the report of the General Managers together with a Statement of Accounts to 31st December, 1919.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 2nd to 9th February, 1920, both days inclusive.
DODWELL & CO., LTD.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, January 27th, 1920. 315

HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE ONE HUNDREDTH ORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held at the Office of the Company, Hotel Mansions, on TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 10TH, 1920, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts, declaring a Dividend and electing Directors and Auditors.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from January 27th to February 10th, 1920, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
JOHN ARNOLD,
Secretary.
Hongkong, January 13th, 1920. 341

HUMPHREYS ESTATE AND FINANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the HONGKONG CLUB, Hongkong, on WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 11TH, 1920, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts for the year ending December 31st, 1919.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from February 11th, to February 12th, (both days inclusive), during which period no Transfer of Shares can be Registered.
JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.
Hongkong, February 2nd, 1920. [347]

HONGKONG BOXING ASSOCIATION.

RESIDENT:—His Excellency Sir R. E. Stubbs, K.C.M.G., Governor.
CHAIRMAN:—His Honour Sir William Rees Davies, K.C., Chief Justice.

At "The Ring" Volunteer Headquarters, Grade Ground (adjoining Lower Peak Tram Station). Specially constructed Mats, capable of holding 2,000.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 14th, 1920, at 8.15 P.M.

1-20 ROUND FIGHT FOR THE WELTER-WEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP OF THE COLONY, AND THE MOUNTED POLICE RESERVE BELT.

Between: Sgt. "Sky" Kerrison, R.N.Y.P. (Holder), and Stoker Eddie Walters, H.M.S. "Hawkins" (Challenger).

2-15 ROUND FIGHT FOR THE MIDDLE-WEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP OF THE COLONY, AND THE "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS" BELT.

Between Pte J. H. Mason, R.M.L.I., H.M.S. "Hawkins", and C.E.R.A. Lee, H.M.S. "Ambrose".

3-6 ROUND FIGHT FOR THE AMATEUR LIGHTWEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP OF THE COLONY.

Between Young Maher, ex-Driver, R.G.A. (Holder), and Sgt. Ward, R.N.Y.P. (Challenger).

4-6 ROUND MIDDLEWEIGHT FIGHT.

Between E. R. A. Sergeant, H.M.S. "Ambrose", and Seaman Willoughby, H.M.S. "Hawkins".

5-8 ROUND LIGHTWEIGHT FIGHT.

Between Ship's Cook North, H.M.S. "Carlisle", and Corporal Cook, R.M.L.I., H.M.S. "Hawkins".

6-8 ROUND FEATHERWEIGHT FIGHT.

Between Seaman Webb, H.M.S. "Ambrose", and Seaman Deconhart, H.M.S. "Hawkins".

PRIZES:—Reserved, \$5. (Ringside raised seats) and \$3. (Ringside Ground level seats).
Unreserved, \$1.

DOORS OPEN at 8.30 P.M.

BOOKING AT MOUTRIE'S as follows:—

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 11th, Members and their guests of the Hongkong Boxing Association only.
THURSDAY to SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 12th to 14th, General Booking.
CASH BOOKING ONLY.
REFEREES:—Messrs. H. J. Gedge (Official Referee), W. Logan, A. Murdoch and Major Rapson, D.S.O.
G. O. N. TINSON, Hon. Secretary,
G. C. WILDIN, Manager.
350

FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUSSION.

15, MORRISON HILL ROAD.

INTIMATIONS

KORE CLUB.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Resident Secretary—STEWART. Furnished House, Light and Heat provided. Applications stating salary required should be addressed to the Honorary Secretary. References necessary. Duties to commence end of March.
[308]

TO LET

OFFICE premises, Queen's Road Central. Apply—
"A.B.C."
(Care of "Daily Press" Office). 316

TO LET

A GODOWN at Yauwatt. Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND RECLAMATION CO., LTD. 1307

TO LET

4 ROOMED FLAT, top of Prince's Building, Fully Furnished, from April 1st, to October 31st, 1920.
For full particulars apply to—
GILMAN & CO., LTD. 287

TO LET

A SHOP in Nathan Road, Kowloon. Apply to—
HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD.,
Alexandra Buildings 68

FOR SALE

SMALL 5-Roomed semi-detached House at Magazine Gap. Excellent state of repair. Tiled Kitchen, good Drying Room and Servants' Quarters. Bath Rooms fitted with Geyser, Porcelain Baths and Basins. Garden about 4,000 sq. feet. Price \$17,000. Mortgage arranged if desired.
Apply—
Box No. 195,
Care of "Daily Press" Office. 168

BRITISH CONCESSION, SHAMEEN, CANTON.

FOR SALE LOT No. 62, immediately behind the Russian Consulate, with an area of 12,645 square feet, measuring 90 x 400 feet, frontage to creek which is adjacent to Western Exit leading to Coast Road, Berth, Shamshui Railway and Grand Trunk Line to Hankow, now in construction.
Apply to—
HERBERT DENT & Co. 325

A. G. DA ROCHA.

IS THE AUCTIONEER.

A. G. DA ROCHA,

AUCTIONEER, SURVEYOR AND GENERAL BROKER.

Queen's Road Central, Telephone No. 2322.

FAVOURED with instructions from The Concerned,

will sell by Public Auction, TO-DAY (SATURDAY), February 7th, 1920, at 2.30 P.M.

as his Sales Rooms, Queen's Road Central (Old Post Office Building).

EXCELLENT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Comprising:—
Blackwood Furniture, Brass and Iron Bedsteads, Tables, Carpets and Rugs, Ornamental Silk Tapestry Covered Drawing Room Sofa, Easy Chairs, Occasional Tables, Extension Dining Table, Battered Mirror, Wardrobes, Pictures, Curtains, Bed Sheets, Crochets, Glassware, Ornaments, Cabinet, Oak Bookcase, Dinner Wagon, Dining Chairs, Silver Ware, Clocks, Marble-top Washstands, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, Toilet Set, Electric goods and a long line of Sundries.

Catalogues will be issued.
Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

A. G. DA ROCHA,

AUCTIONEER, SURVEYOR AND GENERAL BROKER.

Queen's Road Central, Telephone No. 2322.

HAVING been FAVOURED with instructions from Mr. J. H. Soloway will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, February 10th, 1920, at 11 A.M. at No. 13, Queen's Road, Central, ground floor of Astor House Hotel.

THE WHOLE STOCK IN TRADE OF THE HONGKONG HAIR DRESSING SALOON.

Comprising:—
Barber's chairs, Glasses, Mirrors, Electric Ceiling Fans, Desk Fans, Brushes, Combs, Electric Massage instruments, Perfumes of different makers, Toilet Powders, Ladies Assorted Hair Pins, Veilings, Hair Lotions, Eau de Cologne, 7 Barber's Disinfecting Machines, Electric Hair Dryer, Show Cases, Pictures, Frames, Desk, Chairs and a long line of Sundries.
Terms:—Cash on Delivery.
35

INTIMATION



GIN.

We are agents for and hold stocks of the following well-known

Gins:—

BURNETT'S

OLD TOM.

BURNETT'S

DRY.

GILBEY'S

OLD TOM.

GILBEY'S

DRY.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

TEL. No. 618

11

DEATHS.

HAYNES.—At the French Hospital, on February 6th, at 2.30 p.m. Mrs. HAYNES, matron of King Edward Hotel. Funeral will pass the Monument at 5 p.m. to-day. [369]

PRESHAU.—At Tientsin, on January 24th, ERNEST DORIS WARD, beloved wife of C. M. PRESHAU of the Eastern Extension Telegraph Company, aged 29, pneumatic influenza.

HONGKONG OFFICE: 10A, DES VOGES ROAD, C. LONDON OFFICE: 131, FLEET STREET, E.C.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, FEBRUARY 7TH, 1920.

PROFITEERING IN RENTALS.

The intimation given in the Legislative Council yesterday by H.E. THE GOVERNOR, that the Government will not sit still with folded hands while the existing shortage of accommodation is exploited for private gain is a warning to profiteers in rentals which their victims will cordially welcome. We cannot say that we have much confidence that any Tribunal to regulate rents would do a great deal to alleviate the evil from which the Colony is suffering, but it would do something in that direction. The only effective remedy lies largely in the hands of the Government. That remedy is to encourage by every possible means the building of more houses on some bold and comprehensive plan. We do not know to what particular landlords His Excellency was referring when he said his attention had been drawn to what appeared, on the face of it, to be a particularly bad case of profiteering. Charges of this description have recently been made against more than one public company, as well as against other landlords, and it will have been observed that the Chairman of the Kowloon Land and Building Co., Ltd., at the annual meeting of shareholders on Thursday, took advantage of the opportunity to reply to criticisms which have been made of this Company for recently raising the rents of their Knutsford Terrace property. His explanation was that the rents have only been raised to what they were before the war. "In 1915," Mr. Hough said, "when about 50 per cent. of our tenants from various causes left the Colony and the supply of houses exceeded the demand, our rents were somewhat reduced so as to keep the

premises occupied, but the demand now having exceeded the supply, our rents have automatically risen until they are again upon a pre-war basis and they are not, in our opinion, excessive." Now, the tenant's point of view is that these particular houses when they were built, at least twenty-five or thirty years ago, were let at less than half the present rental, and that was deemed, presumably, to be a reasonable economic rent for the property. What had happened to justify an increase of from 100 to 150 per cent. in the rental value of that property prior to the war? Was this Company, like other similar companies, in the words of His Excellency THE GOVERNOR, "exploiting a shortage of housing accommodation for private gain"? It is an answer to this question that is sought. We may not be able to get back to the old standard of cheap rents in this Colony, but it is manifest that unless something is done to reduce the rents which at present prevail we shall give every encouragement to the diversion of trade from the Colony rather than to its development. We are not thinking only of the rents which Europeans who dwell in the Colony have to pay for business and residential premises. It is a much larger question than that. The Chinese suffer equally with Europeans. To-day the average Chinese workman has to pay for his housing accommodation quite twice as much as he paid ten years ago, and when rents rise, as we have constantly insisted, everything else must rise—wages, and the cost of living generally. It represents an enormous tax on the trade of the port, and, in the permanent interest of the Colony, its further increase must be definitely checked. That can only be done by more building, and it is for the Government to see that adequate housing accommodation is provided. To make roads which open up a building site here and half a dozen there will scarcely affect the problem. We need a bold and comprehensive scheme. Just before the war the Legislative Council and the Colonial Office sanctioned a big private scheme for the development of the southern side of the island of Hongkong on lines such as are followed in the development of new estates at Home. It was a scheme which promised a more satisfactory solution of the problem than any other we have seen presented. What has become of it? If private enterprise is unable to carry it through, is it not a scheme which the Government itself could carry out? Perhaps the newly constituted Public Works Committee, which by resolution of the Legislative Council has been specially empowered to consider and make any suggestions that may appear to them suitable in regard to the Housing Schemes which have been put before the Colony, will give this particular scheme their early consideration.

Sir A. Whitten and Lady Brown left for Australia on Thursday by the St. Albans.

Chief Inspector Kerr of the local Police has entered hospital, suffering from influenza.

The Japanese, who was charged with the murder of the second mate of the *Tokai Maru* has been committed for trial.

One case (one death) of plague, and one case (one death) of cerebro-spinal fever were reported in the Colony on Thursday.

A Chinese has reported to the Police that a man visited his house stating that he came to search for opium and arms, and stole from him \$200.

The annual distribution of prizes to the students of the Diocesan Boys' School, which was to have been held yesterday evening, has been postponed indefinitely.

His Excellency the Governor yesterday morning attended the Coronet Theatre to see the film presentation of "The Better Ole," and expressed himself well pleased with the picture.

The annual tennis tournament, arranged by the Hongkong Cricket Club for the Colony's championships, will commence on March 15th. The events are similar to those in previous years.

A deplorable golfing accident occurred on the Happy Valley course on Thursday afternoon. An experienced lady golfer had the misfortune to hit in the eye with a ball an English sailor, who was fielding in a cricket match on the ground. He had to be immediately removed to the Royal Naval Hospital where it was found necessary to remove the injured eye. The lady was naturally very distressed on learning the serious nature of the injury.

FAR EASTERN CABLE NEWS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

PEKING STUDENTS AND THE POLICE.

PEKING, February 5th.
The Students lectured street gatherings yesterday, causing obstructions. The military intervened, forcing them to Tiananmen, where they were surrounded. After detention all were liberated except forty, who admitted responsibility for attacking some officers in an automobile. The lectures were resumed to-day before larger audiences, the Police later dispersing the Students and destroying their flags.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

AMERICAN TRADE IN THE EAST.

WASHINGTON, February 1st.
Mr. Munson, head of the Munson Line, in the course of his examination, by the Senate Commerce Committee, said that American trade was likely to develop in the direction of the Orient, and the Munson line was considering the expansion of its activities there.

TRADE WITH GERMANY.
GOVERNMENT'S REPLY TO THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

The following correspondence between the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce and the local Government on the question of trade with Germany has been forwarded to us for the information of the commercial community:—

Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce,
Hongkong, 19th January, 1920.

SIR,—You are probably aware that British merchants are uncertain whether or not they can properly engage in business with Germany and Austria, and appear to be awaiting an Imperial pronouncement as to the exact situation.

My Committee direct me to request a definite expression of opinion from your Government, for which they will be obliged.—I am, sir, your obedient servant,
(Sgd.) E. A. M. WILLIAMS,
(Secretary).

The Hon. The Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Hongkong, 27th January, 1920.

SIR,—With reference to your letter of the 19th January, 1920, enquiring whether British merchants can properly engage in business with Germany and Austria, I am directed to inform you that the legal position remains unaltered by the exchange of ratifications, as the effect of Ordinance No. 9 of 1919 is to continue the prohibitions of the Trading with the Enemy Ordinances until such date as is declared by His Majesty in Council to be the date of the termination of the present war.

New business with Germany and German-Austria is, however, legal under the general licences which were given by Notifications Nos. 359 and 360 in the Government Gazette of the 8th August, 1919, as amended by Notification No. 410 of the 5th September, 1919.

The restrictions of the Alien Enemies (Winding up) Ordinances are, however, still in force, and pre-war transactions are also affected by the provisions of the Statute of Peace Order which was published in the Government Gazette of the 9th January, 1920.—I am, sir, your obedient servant,

(Sgd.) CLAUD SEVERN,
(Colonial Secretary).

The Secretary, Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce.

DEATH OF MRS. H. HAYNES.

We regret to record that Mrs. H. HAYNES, late Matron of the King Edward Hotel, passed away at the French Hospital at two o'clock yesterday afternoon. Just a week had elapsed since the death of her oldest daughter from pneumonia following influenza. Her other daughter was seriously ill at the same time, and the shock so affected Mrs. Haynes that she, too, had to go into hospital, and her death resulted from meningitis.

Mrs. Haynes was the widow of the late Mr. Harry Haynes, who for many years was manager of the King Edward Hotel, and subsequently of the King Edward Hotel. In the interval between these two appointments he managed the Victoria Hotel, Canton.

Mrs. Haynes was a capable business woman, and like her late husband was highly esteemed by a large circle of friends among whom her death under such painful and circumstances evoked the deepest sorrow and sympathy with her young daughter, who is now on the way to recovery from a serious attack of influenza, and her son who is an officer in the army at Home.
The funeral will pass the Monument at 5 p.m. to-day.

CABLES.

LATEST CABLES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE FINANCIAL OUTLOOK.

BANK EXPERTS SERIOUS WARNING.

LONDON, February 4th.

At the Finance Conference during the discussions, which were of an exploratory character, attempts at the solution of the exchange crisis by legislation were deprecated, and the possibilities of controlling imports by licences were suggested.

Sir Vassar Smith, Chairman of Lloyds Bank, who was present at the conference, in a speech at the annual meeting of the Bank, yesterday, said that unless remedies were promptly applied it was feared that the gradual and persistent spreading of bankruptcy and anarchy must ensue.

It is anticipated that the Cabinet will come to a decision quickly, but the question will be raised at the meeting of Parliament on Tuesday in the debate on the Address. Meanwhile, the effects upon the cotton industry illustrate the likelihood of all sections of the community suffering most severely.

Yesterday's dollar quotations brought the cotton import business at Liverpool to a complete standstill, and importers have begun to re-ship cotton to America. The matter is most serious for operatives, because the present stocks, without fresh imports, will be exhausted in ten weeks, although there are considerable quantities at sea.

REDUCTION OF PAPER MONEY.

LONDON, February 4th.

The *Evening Standard* states that as a result of the Finance Conference the International Conference will be asked to meet, probably, in London, or in Paris if more convenient.

It is understood that the Treasury has decided to reduce the paper money circulation by £20,000,000 and further decreases will be made.

The Bankers have decided to keep a tight hold on advances until credit has improved by increased production and economy.

INDIAN CURRENCY COMMITTEE.

RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING RUPEE.

LONDON, February 1st.

The report of the Indian Exchange and Currency Committee, of which Sir T. Baring-Baker is Chairman, states that the rise in the rupee exchange has been to the advantage of India generally. The Indian trade is not likely to be permanently injured from fixing the exchange at a high level.

The Committee recommend, *inter alia*, that the present rupee be not changed in weight and fineness; that the rupee be placed on a gold basis, instead of gold and sterling which were identical before the war; that the parity be ten rupees to the sovereign; that the import and export of gold to and from India be freed from Government control when the statutory ratio is effected; that at the earliest convenient moment the embargo on the import of silver should be removed, but that there should be retained temporarily the prohibition of export.

The Indian Currency Committee consider that if the price of silver exceeds the aforementioned gold parity beyond a brief period the situation should be met by all available means than by impairing the convertibility of the Note issue, of which the maintenance is regarded as essential. The Government should even be prepared to buy silver for the rupee coinage, at a loss.

The Secretary of India has decided to adopt the aforementioned gold parity recommendation, but, after reviewing the abnormal existing conditions, he has decided to retain, temporarily, the issue of licences in respect of importation of gold, and, during the transitional period, the sovereign will remain legal tender at the present ratio of fifteen rupees.

LOANS FOR HUNGRY EUROPE.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AGREES.

WASHINGTON, February 1st.

The Ways and Means Committee of the House of Representatives has agreed to recommend the authorization of new loans amounting to \$50,000,000 to Poland, Austria and Armenia for food relief.

RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

SLEEPING CAR FALLS DOWN EMBANKMENT.

BURLINGTON, VERMONT, Feb. 1st.

A sleeping car on the Montreal Express was derailed. It fell down the embankment into the ice-covered Lake Champlain. Twenty were injured, but no one was killed.

FUTURE AIR POLICY.

CO-OPERATION BETWEEN CIVIL AND SERVICE AVIATION.

LONDON, February 2nd.

Major-General F. H. Sykes, in his lecture on the Imperial air-routes, defined the Egypt to India, the Cairo to the Cape, the India to Australia, England to Egypt, England to Canada, and, also, England to the West Indies, via Azores routes.

General Sykes emphasised the necessity of keeping the first line of the fighting Air Force always on a war footing.

Military aviation, however, was circumscribed on the ground of finance, while civil aviation must never cease to expand. Each must co-operate with the other, one for Imperial defence and the other as an instrument in the development of Imperial trade which could be used, if necessary, as a great aerial reserve.

General Sykes hoped that before long the Air Forces of the Empire would be welded for strategic purposes into one force, co-ordinated by the Imperial Air Staff.

He was of opinion that the principles of the Service and the civil aviation experiments applied equally to the Dominions and to the Mother Country.

Excluding the Anglo-Australian flights the machines of the principal firms between May 1st and December 31st last year flew 583,000 miles and carried 84,000 passengers. There were only eighteen accidents and five deaths. General Sykes thought that the future air policy of the component parts of the Empire would be to keep in close touch with England in matters of common policy. Each of the Dominions should have a small service and a large civil air fleet to meet its own strategic demands, and the Empire air organisation should be able quickly to concentrate for its assistance in case of need.

THE GERMAN DANGER.

VIEWS OF FRENCH COLONIAL MINISTER.

LONDON, February 1st.

The *Observer's* Paris correspondent writes that M. Sarraut, Minister of the Colonies, and an ex-Governor of Indo-China, in an interview, emphasised the necessity of France and Great Britain closely co-operating in all parts of the world where French and British territories touched each other. The fate of the British and French Empires are closely linked up. Britain and France ought to stand together as resolutely as in war-time.

"The German danger," he said, was not yet over. The Germans were the real inspirers of the Bolshevik moves which were felt as far as China.

He suggested that the British and the French Governments in West Africa and the Far East should be brought in personal touch with each other. While the Home Governments should retain control over any diplomatic negotiations the Governments should be entitled to consult each other and adopt common measures in regard to economic development or safety.

EARL HAIG'S SERVICES.

HIS MOMENTOUS RESPONSIBILITY.

LONDON, February 2nd.

In an Army Order recording the abolition of General Headquarters in Great Britain, the Army Council expresses the highest appreciation of the services which Earl Haig rendered to the Empire.

"Never in the history of the British Empire," it says, "has one officer been charged with so momentous a responsibility, and no other British commander, excepting Wellington, brought to a victorious conclusion a campaign on the issue of which hung the very existence of the State."

The Order emphasises that Earl Haig remains on the Active List and expresses the hope that he may have a further long and successful career of public usefulness.

UNITED STATES NAVY.

PEACE-TIME STRENGTH.

WASHINGTON, February 1st.

Admiral Taylor, head of the Construction Bureau of the Navy Department, informed the Naval Committee that 240 ships, including 18 Dreadnoughts, 13 pre-Dreadnoughts, 8 armoured cruisers, and 17 light cruisers, will be the peace-time strength of the Navy after July 1st, constituting a tonnage one and a half times that when the United States entered the war.

WAR HONOURS.

COMPARISON WITH BOER WAR.

LONDON, February 5th.

An official statement about war honours shows that the total number of honours conferred on British Forces was 247,570, and on the Indian Forces 6,588, making a total of 254,158.

Of this total 579 were Victoria Crosses, 2 bars, 8,901 Distinguished Service Orders, 784 bars. A comparison is attached showing 3,714 honours given in the Boer War when the troops in the field were 448,438 against approximately 6,000,000 in the late war.

GREAT DISASTER IN MANILA.

CARNIVAL AUDITORIUM DESTROYED BY FIRE.

OVER 2,000 PERSONS REPORTED KILLED.

MOST OF THE HONGKONG PEOPLE SAID TO BE SAFE.

A great sensation was caused in the Colony yesterday when it became known that private telegrams had been received by residents of Hongkong, announcing a terrible disaster which is said to have occurred at Manila on Thursday, resulting in the death of over two thousand people, and severe injuries to several thousand others.

Details are lacking, and are being eagerly awaited in the Colony, because a number of Hongkong people are visiting Manila for the great Carnival. The Carnival started on Saturday, January 31st, and would in the ordinary course have continued until today. The disaster on Thursday—the greatest which has occurred in the Philippines in recent years—has, of course, forced the abandonment of the Carnival, which was then at its height.

The telegrams which have been received up to yesterday state that the big Carnival building caught fire during the course of a function. Those in Hongkong who have painful memories of the Racecourse disaster of 1918 will be able to imagine the scenes that must have occurred there on Thursday.

Great anxiety is felt locally as to the safety of Hongkong residents. The news published yesterday that the "Hongkong party is reported to be safe" is believed to be rather in the nature of an optimistic anticipation than a statement based on accurate knowledge. A reporter of this paper, who spent the best part of yesterday endeavouring to confirm the statement that all the Hongkong people are safe, was met with the argument that, in the excitement that must prevail in Manila, no one could possibly say whether all the Hongkong people are safe.

LOCAL RESIDENTS IN MANILA.

Amongst those who are known to have left Hongkong for the Carnival are Mr. W. B. Walker, Manager of the Standard Oil Co., Mrs. Walker, and their son.

Mr. R. A. Rodgers, Manager of the Russo-Asiatic Bank, and Mrs. Rodgers. Mrs. B. J. Botelho, widow of Mr. B. J. Botelho of Botelho Bros.

Mrs. Simmons, proprietress of the Wyndham Hotel, and the three Misses Simmons.

Mr. J. M. V. Figueroa, purser of the a.s. *Honam*.

Mr. and Mrs. F. X. d'Almada and Miss Almada.

Mrs. A. W. J. Simmons, wife of Mr. Simmons of the P.W.D. and her daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Basto and Miss Basto.

Miss Basa, sister of Mr. R. Basa.

Mrs. Horley and her little son.

Miss Lola Hyndman and two nieces.

Miss Carvalho and Miss Gutierrez.

A telegram was received in the Colony yesterday that Mr. and Mrs. B. Basto, Miss Basto and Mrs. Botelho were safe.

Misses Carvalho and Miss Gutierrez are on their way back; hence they, too, are safe.

DEFINITE NEWS RECEIVED.

LATER.

During yesterday, there was much speculation as to whether the news that the Carnival City had been destroyed by fire was true. Definite news was brought to the Colony by the officers of the a.s. *Protetina*, which arrived in port yesterday morning that there had been a big fire in a timber yard, on Wednesday, with the damage aggregating a million and a half pesos, and it was thought that somehow this catastrophe had been mixed up with the Carnival. These doubts are, however, set at rest by the telegram received by Mr. H. Hyndman, of Messrs. Bailey & Co., reading:—"Carnival destroyed by fire. Party saved. Casualties expected great."

Mr. Hyndman of the Dutch Bank received a wire yesterday giving particulars as to the safety of members of his family who had gone to the Carnival and stating that the number of deaths was over 2,000.

Mr. Aquino, of Messrs. C. E. Warren & Co., has received a telegram stating that his brother, employed in a Manila firm, is safe.

Numerous telegrams have been despatched to Manila for further news, but as far as we were able to gather, no reply was actually received to any telegraphic enquiry which left this Colony yesterday. This lack of news can only be explained by the great panic that must prevail in Manila, completely dislocating all business, or by the fact that the authorities in Manila have put on a strict censorship over news leaving there.

QUEENS OF THE CARNIVAL.

LATER.

It is of passing interest that a Manila newspaper of February 3rd received in the Colony yesterday says that Miss Virginia Harrison, the daughter of the Governor of the Philippines, and Miss Trinidad de Leon, were crowned Queens of the Great Victory Carnival on the night of February 2nd in the great Auditorium, where, no doubt, the great fire occurred.

Up to half past nine last night the only further information we were able to gather was that a telegram was received shortly before 2 p.m. stating that Miss Hyndman and her two nieces were safe, and adding the further distressing news that the deaths were more than 2,000 in number.

TREMENDOUS CROWD OF MERRYMAKERS.

In reference to the hope expressed yesterday that the death-roll in Manila may not be as great as 2,000, the following from the *Unhappily-Accident* is of interest:—

Some idea of the number of visitors who have come to Manila to see the Carnival may be had from the fact that in spite of all that has been done by the Philippine of Manila to house and care for their visiting countrymen, large numbers of these visitors have had to spend their nights and days in the streets and parks of the city. There can be no doubt after observing the crowds in Manila, that the Carnival is a permanent festival. It is doubtful whether any other city in the world could accommodate so large a number of visitors in proportion to the population as have been lodged and fed in Manila during the days that have passed since the opening of the Carnival. This fact is true not because of the available housing and feeding facilities of the city, not because Manila has hotels and lodging houses enough to serve a large transient population, but because Manila is populated by probably the most hospitable people in the world.

The Philippine people have long been noted for their hospitality to strangers, their readiness to share their homes and their food with the casual sojourner among them. This is a reputation justly earned as can be witnessed to by many an American who has had to make his way through the provinces of the Islands without equipment or acquaintances. The Philippine of Manila have been nobly sustaining this reputation during the past few days. Thousands, probably tens of thousands, of visitors have been in the city from almost every province in the Archipelago to attend the great Victory Carnival. The available boarding house and hotel accommodations of the city are not sufficient to take care of a tithe of these visiting strangers. They have had to rely upon the hospitality of their countrymen residing in Manila. Scarcely a Filipino home in the city but has harbored some of these visiting provincials, and many Filipino homes are filled to the last foot of sleeping space with them.

No finer tribute to the hospitable character of the Filipino people could be offered than the story of how the overflow visitors to the Victory Carnival have been taken in and cared for by residents of Manila. "It is doubtful whether so fine an exhibition of hospitality could have been obtained in any place in the world under similar circumstances."

PRECAUTIONS AGAINST FIRE.

The greatest precautions were taken in respect of the health and safety of the revelers. The *Cebuensis-American* says: "With a fire department, police station, day-nursery, health service office, and hospital, the Carnival grounds have been equipped in a regular city with everything necessary to provide for the safety of the merry-makers and order within the enclosure. Due to a number of accidents registered during the first two nights of the feast, the Acting Director of Health has issued circular making the Carnival City a health district, with a sanitary officer vested with the authority of a district health inspector. With him are two other doctors who are acting as his assistants."

The health station at the Carnival City is located in the Health Service booth where the bureau's exhibits have been placed. All accidents are being attended at the emergency station and later transferred to the Philippine General Hospital.

An officer from the Santa Cruz fire station is in charge of the fire department at the Carnival grounds. There are also two fire engines there and other equipment used in fire fighting, so that fires which might occur inside of the grounds will not have a chance to spread.

The day nursery is under the charge of the nurses of the Mary Johnston Hospital. The nurses have kindly volunteered to care for the little children while their mothers enjoy the evening. Beds for the little people have been provided and hot milk is on hand for the hungry ones.

THE AVIATION COMMISSION AT CANTON.

INTERESTING INTERVIEWS WITH LEADING OFFICIALS.

CANTON, February 5th.

The Commission Organizing the First Aerial Derby Around The World composed of Commodore Louis D. Beaumont, President, Major Charles J. Glidden, U.S.A., F.R.G.S., Executive Secretary, and Mr. Benjamin Hillman, Treasurer, arrived here from Hongkong yesterday noon and immediately took up the work of organizing the Aerial Derby which was finished to-day, thus completing the entire program for China.

While the Commission has been in China and Hongkong four Aero Clubs have been organized and projected. The Parent Club at Peking known as the Aero Club of China, The Aero Club of Shanghai, The Aero Club of Canton and the Aero Club of Hongkong.

These clubs organized some sixteen years after the first aero club was organized in the United States, the Aero Club of New England, which was followed by the organization of the Aero Club of America and the Aerial League of America, the Commission working under an appointment of the two latter clubs and rules of the Federation Aeronautique Internationale.

Aviation to date in this section of China has not advanced quite as fast as in other sections of the country, but arrangements are now complete for the establishing of a school of instruction under the direction of Captain Tom Gunn, an experienced aviator, who is at the Head of the Air Service, and his assistant, Mr. Tom Wing.

Aeronautical enthusiasts are somewhat encouraged here from the fact that the Italian Government have already built four hangars on a very desirable landing field for the Rome-Tokyo flight which they have kindly offered for use by the contestants in the First Aerial Derby Around The World. Overland contestants in airplanes will fly from Shanghai to Hanoi via Canton; those using flying boats would go via Hongkong.

The Commission were most cordially received by the American Consul-General, Hon. Leo Bergholz, a most efficient representative of the United States who had given much time in instructing prominent people and organizations based on the advanced aviation data sent him by the Commission and who undoubtedly influenced the organization of the Aero Club of Canton, before the Commission's arrival, which started off with twenty-five members, having for its President and Secretary prominent Chinese citizens of Canton.

The Consul-General assigned his staff to the service of the Commission under the direction of Mr. Lam Ying Chee, the official interpreter of the Consulate making use of the telephone in making appointments to meet the Military Governor-General Mo Yang Sing and Mr. Wu Ting Fang, Minister of Foreign Affairs and former Minister to the United States for China.

The Governor-General immediately placed a motor-car at the disposal of the Commission (there being only ten in Canton, and these owned by the Government) which was dispatched to the American Consulate and the Commission's Official Interpreter, Mr. Lam Ying Chee, conveyed to the palace.

Arriving they were received by the Governor-General's Private Secretary, Mr. Siao Loan, and ushered through several rooms and by soldiers standing at attention to the receiving chamber.

After a few moments delay His Excellency came into the room, his body guard remaining at the entrance door. The Commission were individually presented to the Governor-General and after all had seated themselves the object of the visitation and full details of the Derby were made known.

The Governor-General listened with intense interest as the plans of the Commission and general progress made in aviation were made known replying to each sentence spoken through the interpreter and asking questions, highly commending the Commission upon the work they were undertaking and expressing his opinion at great length as to the value aviation would be to China, not only locally but for international transportation. He deeply regretted South China had not advanced faster in the development of this wonderful science, but said the attention of the administration had been diverted in other directions. The national progress, having in mind some extensive railroad construction in the near future and the completing of the work of building wide boulevards through the city of Canton and good roads in the country with a possibility of connecting with the road to Hongkong. The broad boulevards already completed through Canton have made marvelous improvements in the movement of traffic through that city. It was his purpose now, the Governor-General said, to give his attention more to the development of aviation and he was exceedingly profuse in his thanks to the Commission for calling and presenting him with the vast amount of data they had collected and plans of the great Derby. If possible South China will be represented and it is only a question of allowing sufficient time to train a corps of aviators and to secure proper aircraft. After partaking of the Governor-General's hospitality, the Commission withdrew escorted to the outer door by the Governor-General, who handed each member of the Commission his personal card.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs and former Minister to the United States from China, Mr. Wu Ting Fang received the Commission at his home in the chamber where meet the Board of Government of 8 Provinces in South China. The Minister, as is known in the United States, is a vegetarian, and carries his 79 years as well as one of fifty and there are no indications that his wises will not be fulfilled. Mr. Wu Ting Fang was keen (Continued at foot of next column.)

CANTON NEWS.

February 6th.

MACAO CALL.

It is now stated that calm has been restored to Macao, and business is proceeding as usual. It is reported that the syndicate of the San Pui lottery monopoly, which requested the Macao Government to reduce the tax owing to the decrease in the number of lottery tickets sold, has not met with success and the syndicate, it is said, is contemplating closing business.

EXPEDITION TO HUNAN.

It is reported that owing to the recent reports complaining of the misconduct of Chang King-yew (the Hunan Tschun), Shum Chun-huen, the Chief Administrative Director to the Military Government is proposing to take steps to drive Chang out of Hunan. Shum proposes to lead a strong military expedition into Hunan after the Chinese New Year. Shum thinks that it is possible to oust the Northerners from the Yangtze Valley. The Northern leader, Wu Pui-fu has declared his intention of joining the South.

RECEIVING CASE.

In regard to the rice smuggling case in which 5 steam launches were seized, it is stated that several high military officers are implicated.

HONGKONG PAPERS UNDER BAN.

The Hongkong *Shun Po* and the *Tao Kung Pao*, both vernacular papers published in Hongkong which have offended the authorities by the publication of certain reports, have been placed under ban in Canton.

RAILWAY DIRECTOR'S APPEAL.

Wan Tak-chang, the Director of the Canton-Kowloon Railway Company, Chinese section, has recently gone to Peking to protest against the Military Government's interference with the affairs of the company.

DARING ROBBERIES.

A big robbery is said to have taken place in a wealthy person's house between the districts of Lin Ping and Lung Nam on the Northern borders. A ceremony which was attended by more than 1,000 persons was in progress when the robbers attacked the house at night. The village guards fell upon the robbers but were driven back. More than 300 persons were carried away by the robbers and more than 100 were wounded or killed. Over 200 houses were burnt down and the booty carried away by the robbers is estimated at \$150,000.

A similar occurrence was reported from Lai Ngok, a village in the Sun Wui district on the 2nd inst, when the whole village was looted and more than 50 persons were carried away by the robbers.

JAPAN'S INDUSTRIAL PROGRESS.

RAPID DEVELOPMENT OF MACHINERY TRADE.

Japan's rapid industrial progress during the last five years is nowhere more conspicuous than in the development of the machinery trade. Japan imported in 1914 machinery to a value of somewhat more than \$12,000,000; in 1918, more than \$29,000,000. In 1914, the United States furnished 20 per cent. of the total imports of machinery; in 1918, 80 per cent.

The principal types of machinery imported during 1918 were spinning machinery, steam boilers and accessories, metal and wood-working machinery, electrical machinery, sewing machines and accessories. Other importations included paper-making machinery, gas compressors, pumps, pneumatic tools, weaving looms, iron rollers, cranes and gas, petroleum and steam engines.

British machinery is well liked, but has not been available. Japan's exports of machinery, chiefly to Far Eastern countries, increased from \$54,000 in 1914 to approximately \$7,800,000 in 1918. Exports included electrical machinery, spinning and weaving machinery, lathes, and printing machinery.

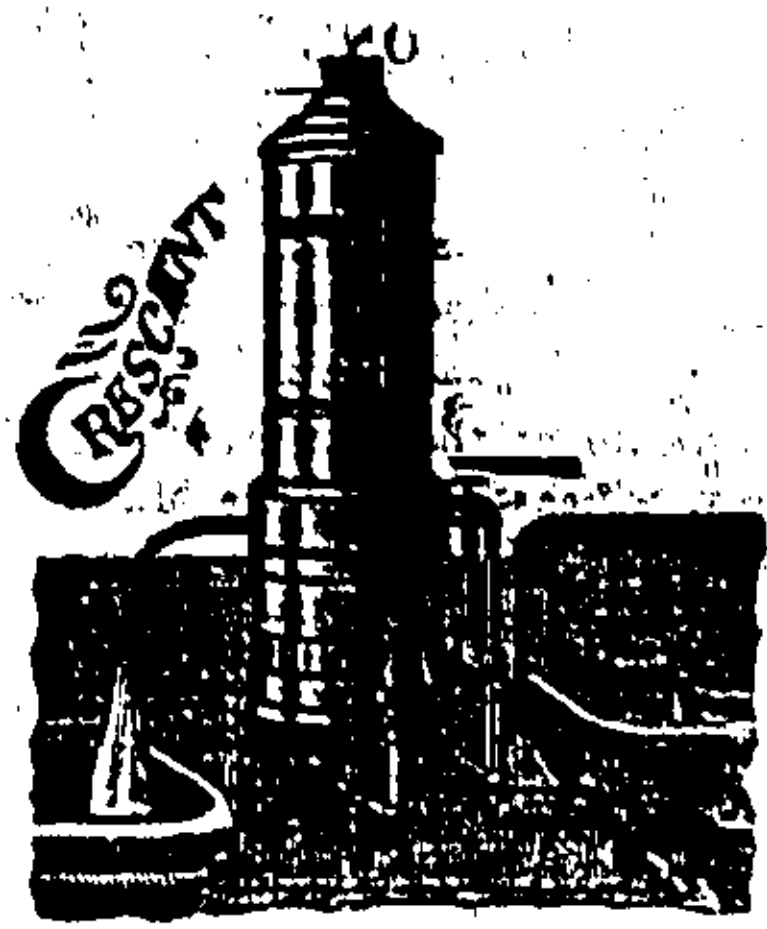
and well posted on all international questions not excluding aviation, and after receiving the Commission and serving tea, opened the discussion on the work in organizing the Derby. First he wished to be booked for a flight to Washington to meet again many of his friends of the diplomatic corps. His aeronautical optimism exceeded that of the Commission, and he required no bolstering on the part of the Commission, being content with the facts of progress in aviation unfolded by them. "South China shall be represented in the contest," said the Minister. "Keep us advised as to the conditions and what is required of us and we will act promptly." Mr. Wu Ting Fang was an interesting and instructive entertainer on Chinese prosperity and progress.

Captain Tom Gunn, Head of the Air Service of South China, was absent in Hongkong, but had previously been interviewed by members of the Commission.

In his absence the Committee discussed matters with his assistant Mr. Tom Wing, from whom it was learned that the contemplated plans in the interest of aviation were well under way and would be carried into effect.

The Commission left Canton at 3.30 this afternoon by rail to arrive Hongkong at 7.30 p.m.

Advices have reached the Commission from Siam that His Majesty the King is a strong supporter of matters aeronautical. Bangkok, the capital, is on the Rome-Tokyo and Around-the-World route. Yunnan Province which adjoins Indo-China under control of France, has through General Fang Chi-wei, at Yunnan, engaged a Chinese aviator to organize a school of aviation at Yunnanfu, Yunnan, for the purpose of training aviators for the Yunnan Army.



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JOHN JAMESON'S WHISKY
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PURE POT STILL WHISKY
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Distillers to H.M. The King.



INDIGESTION

It is not the quantity of food we eat, but what we digest and assimilate, that enriches the body. When the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition are diseased, the food eaten is only imperfectly digested, there is loss of nutrition, and the body loses strength, as a natural consequence. Not only does the system suffer from lack of nourishment, but the derangement of the organs must inevitably cause further complications. Indigestion is a most prevalent source of constipation, which in its turn causes a disordered liver, and finally you become burdened with Chronic Dyspepsia. Indigestion invariably arises from improperly prepared food, hasty eating, over-indulgence, fatigue, and exhaustion during the hot weather, breathing foul air, excessive brain work, and more frequently from care and worry which exhaust the nervous force and weaken the organs of digestion. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills are a safe, sure, and reliable remedy for all stomachic complaints. They aid in the digestion and assimilation of food, and in a mild and gentle manner regulate the system, restoring the weak and dyspeptic to health and strength. They give you clean bowels, a healthy stomach, a lively liver, active kidneys, and blood that is rich and red.

They are a perfect Blood Purifier and a positive and permanent cure for Biliousness, Indigestion, Constipation, Headaches, Sallow Complexion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Piles, Pimples, Sores and Blotches, and for Female Ailments.

DR MORSE'S INDIAN ROOT PILLS

For Sale by WATKINS, Ltd., Wholesale and Retail Agents, and Chemists and Stores generally, at 10 cents per bottle, or will be forwarded on receipt of price by THE W. M. COMSTOCK CO., Ltd., Sole Proprietors, 21, Farringdon Avenue, London, England.

THEY DO NOT WEAKEN. THEY DO NOT SICKEN. THEY DO NOT GRIPE.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF
Admiral of the Fleet, EARL DAVID BEATTY, K.C.B., D.S.O.
WIN £2,500 FOR 5/-
AND HELP TO FOUND SETTLEMENTS FOR
DISABLED SAILORS AND SOLDIERS
(Registered under the War Games Act.)
OTHER PEOPLE TALK—WE ARE DOING IT WITH
THE GOLDEN BALLOT

Tickets 5/-
1st PRIZE—£2,500.
2nd PRIZE—The name of a London House, or £1,000.
3rd PRIZE—A Motor Car.
4th PRIZE—A Pearl Necklace.
5th PRIZE—£500.
Hundreds of additional prizes including Foreign Travel, Wearing Apparel to Measure, Jewellery and Wine, &c.
Last date for posting remittances, Monday, February 22nd, 1920.

COUPON.
Written plainly in ink and cross your postal order. Letters to be addressed to
Mr. T. F. Lloyd, 3, Marble Arch, London, W.1, England.
I enclose post to me.
P.O. value

Name (in full) _____
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By Appointment to H.M. THE KING.

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Best Quality

CANVAS HOSE PIPES

Two Brands of World-wide Repute:

"DUB-SUB" and "EXTRA DUB-SUB"

Lined with Best Para Rubber when required

Write for—Pints on Hose and Quotations—
MERRYWEATHER & SONS, Ltd., Greenwich, London, S.E.

MARTIN'S
APIOL-STEEL
PILLS

A French Remedy for all Female Ailments.
It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all the most common ailments of women, such as irregularities of the menstrual system, pain during menstruation, leucorrhoea, and all the other troubles which are so common to the fair sex. It is a purely vegetable preparation, and is entirely free from any harmful or dangerous ingredients.

MARTIN'S
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YOUR SKIN AND COMPLEXION

It is the best and most reliable of all skin preparations. It is a purely vegetable preparation, and is entirely free from any harmful or dangerous ingredients. It is a French Remedy for all Female Ailments.

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Make YOUR HAIR beautiful

Nature intended your hair to be beautiful. When the natural oil which protects and beautifies the hair is deficient, it becomes dry, brittle, and falls out. It is at the ends and pressure points that the hair is most liable to become dry and brittle. It is at these points that you must rub in this oil.

ROWLAND'S
MACASSAR OIL

which flows quickly to the roots, and affords the best protection to the hair. Prepared in a golden tint for fair hair.

Sold by Storekeepers, Hairdressers, or ROWLANDS, 4, HAYWARD STREET, LONDON. Great care must be taken to get Rowland's Macassar Oil, and avoid cheap, spurious imitations.

BOLSHEVISM IN ASIA

EVIDENCES OF SOVIET PROPAGANDA

"S." writes to *The Times*:—
In his letter of December 18th, Lieut. Col. G. Maitland Edwards says, among other arguments: "Lastly, an anti-Bolshevist Russian means peace in Persia, Afghanistan, and India." I heartily agree with the above statement, but would add the following words—"and, in general, in the Muslim world." Yet this matter acquires a totally different complexion if treated from the Bolshevist point of view.

I have had the opportunity to meet a Russian of Tartar extraction, whose considerable commercial interests in Moscow compelled him to remain in that city up to a comparatively recent date. Like many others he was obliged to seek salvation in flight, first turning his steps to his native Kazan, and eventually escaping from Soviet Russia with Admiral Koltchak's armies. As a Muslim he was afforded the possibility of personally studying the methods and activities of the Moscow "Bolshevist-Muslim" organizations, and this is what he told me:—
The Muslim fraction of the "Eastern Department of the Commissariat for Foreign Affairs" has "founded" a "League for the Liberation of Islam." This League has been subsidized by the Soviet Government to the extent of five million roubles in gold. It has been established with the avowed and definite object of fostering and supporting seditious movements among the Muslim peoples against European domination; but in order to conceal such seditious aims it has been given the ostentatious title of a "League for the Protection of the Interests of the Islamic world." The immediate work of the League will consist in oral and printed propaganda and in the rendering of moral and material support to all the existing organizations which are already pursuing the same objects.

The League admits, without exception, representatives of all Muslim peoples, parties, and organizations; every political party maintaining its original denomination and methods of action so long as they conform with the general principles set up by the League.

The following organizations have already joined the League:—
(1)—The Egyptian Nationalists.
(2)—The Turkish Nationalists.
(3)—The Party of "Union and Progress."
(4)—The Indian Nationalists.
(5)—The Afghan Patriots.
(6)—The Union of Caucasian Muslims (Circassians, Daghestan, etc.).
(7)—The Congress of Russian Muslims.
(8)—The League of Persian Nationalists.

The Central Executive Committee of the League (Comité Central Directoire de la Ligue Islamique Mondiale) has its headquarters at Moscow under the direction of such well-known Muslim leaders as Agafiev, Artchuradze, Gadjeff Merdjimekoff, etc., who work in close co-operation with Karahan, Bravin Voznessensky, and other Bolshevists.

With a view to extending its activities over a wide area, the League has established two sub-committees called the "Eastern Central Committee," which supervises all organizations in Persia, Transcaucasia, Anatolia, Turkestan, Afghanistan, and India, and has its headquarters with the forces under Mustapha Kemal-Pasha; and the "European Central Committee," at Berlin, which deals with propaganda in Europe, Egypt, European Turkey, and the Balkans.

The League has decided to publish and distribute gratuitously a special periodical for purposes of propaganda in the Persian, Arabic, Turkish, and Tartar languages.

But the Muslim world is not the only hunting ground for Bolshevist sedition. China and Trotsky have their eye on China and Korea as well. It suffices to mention in this respect a letter written by M. Voznessensky, signed by Tchitcherine, and addressed to the well-known Chinese politician Sun Yat-sen, in which the Bolshevists openly exhort the Chinese revolutionaries to tread the path of Bolshevism.

With regard to Korea, the Bolshevist paper *Krasny Nabat* (the Red Tocsin) writes as follows:—
"At the present moment the only quiet refuge, write the Bolshevists, is Moscow. A National Korean Union has been formed in Soviet Russia for the purpose of calling forth a revolution in Korea and restoring the independence of that country."

The Korean revolutionaries have entered the ranks of our army and formed regiments which are now marching to our assistance. "The Korean workers residing in Russia have joined the Third International, which is a confederation of the workmen of the whole world for fighting their capitalist oppressors."
Korea must rise like one man and enter into connection with the Workers' and Peasants' Government. Then only we shall be able by a common effort to drive the Japanese out of Vladivostok and Korea. The hour of liberation is at hand. Koreans, make one last effort!

All the above evidence goes to show that Bolshevism in its present phase constitutes almost a greater danger to the entire East than to Europe.

There can be no doubt that the Great Powers are amply justified in extending to their Muslim subjects all the political franchise compatible with their development; more especially so after the splendid fighting record of the brave soldiers of India, Algeria, and Morocco, who so gallantly made the supreme sacrifice in the great cause of liberty. Progress among the Muslim peoples on the lines of steady and constant evolution is what all their well-wishers should fervently strive to achieve.

But a Revolution in the entire East, conducted on Bolshevist lines, would not only be an unparalleled calamity for the whole Christian world, but the end of that very Eastern civilization which has been steadily endeavouring to assimilate the fruits of Western progress.

NATIONAL PLAN TO BENEFIT THE GROWTH & CONDITION OF THE HAIR

Unique offer to Men and Women whose Hair is Weak or Impoverished.

1,000,000 "HARLENE" HAIR HEALTH OUTFITS FREE.

"HARLENE" MAKES ALL THE DIFFERENCE.

NOW that the severely trying days of war are over, men and women everywhere have the opportunity to give their hair the attention necessary to the proper care of their general health, not the least important phase of which is the care of the hair.

If you are worried about the condition of your hair, if it is weak, impoverished, falling out, or affected with dandruff, dryness, or overgrowth, do as the millions of others (both men and women) have done, and try "Harlene Hair-Drill."

From to-day onwards, there are to be distributed one million hair-health parcels free of all cost—each parcel to contain a Complete Outfit for the care of the hair.

Every man and woman can have this priceless wealth of beautiful hair if he or she will only devote two minutes a day to the practice of the wonderfully successful "Harlene Hair-Drill." To-day, too, you can prove the truth of this statement without fee or obligation.

SIMPLE METHOD SECURES HAIR-HEALTH.
The whole process takes no more than two minutes a day, and is enthusiastically praised by a host of "Hair-Drill" devotees for the marvellously refreshing and rejuvenating feeling this every-morning toilet exercise gives before facing the day's work.

A USEFUL AND WELCOME FREE GIFT.

Yes, as one of the Nation's workers, can secure one of these hair-health parcels at once by simply pasting the coupon below, together with your name and address, and 6 annas in stamps, to cover cost of postage and packing of the parcel. By return you will receive this Four-Fold Gift:

1. A trial bottle of "Harlene," the ideal liquid food and natural growth-promoting tonic for the hair.
2. A packet of the unrivalled "Groomer" Shampoo—the best purifier and most soothing hair and scalp cleanser, which prepares the head for "Hair-Drill."
3. A bottle of "Tonic" Brilantine, which gives the final touch of beauty to the hair, and is most beneficial to those whose scalp is "dry."
4. A copy of the newly-published "Hair-Drill" Manual—the most authoritative and clearly written treatise on the subject ever produced.

In the course of a few days you will find every strand of your hair waking up to new vitality and new strength—you will find a new sparkle and freshness revivifying the hair, and all the lost light and shade, as well as the delicate tints of the hair, which have been dulled down, will re-awaken, and your hair will rapidly take on a new lease of life and beauty.



When your hair is affected by dandruff, dryness, over-growth, and begins to fall out and become brittle, thin and weak, it needs the beneficial treatment of Harlene Hair-Drill to give new health and strength to the impoverished hair-roots. Send for a free trial outfit using the Free Coupon as directed below.

ENRICH YOUR HAIR TO-DAY.

There is no excuse to-day for any man or woman having thin, brittle, weak or falling hair. "Harlene Hair-Drill" overcomes every kind of hair trouble, no matter from what cause it springs. It preserves the hair in health and it restores sickly hair back to health and beauty once more. You can prove this to-day by self-demonstration and prove it free of cost. Let "Harlene Hair-Drill" enrich your hair and increase its value to you. Simply send 6 annas in stamps for postage and a Free Harlene Outfit will be sent to your address in any part of the world. Cut out the coupon below and post as directed to-day.

After a Free Trial you will be able to obtain supplies of "Harlene" and "Groomer" Shampoo. Powders from all Bazaar and Drug Stores throughout India.

Any or all of the preparations will be sent on receipt of 6 annas extra for postage direct from Edwards, Harlene, Ltd., 20, 22, 24 & 26, Lambeth Conduit Street, London, W.C.1, England. Carriage extra on foreign orders. Cheques and P.O.s should be crossed.

"HARLENE" GIFT COUPON

Fill in and post to Edwards, Harlene, Ltd., 20, 22, 24 & 26, Lambeth Conduit Street, London, W.C.1, England.
Dear Sirs,—Please send me your Free "Harlene" Four-Fold Hair-growing Outfit as described above. I enclose 6 annas in stamps for postage to any part of the world. (Foreign stamps accepted.)
WILL IT WEATHER?

Write your full name and address clearly on a plain piece of paper, pin this coupon to it, and post as directed above.

Hongkong Daily Press.

Nobody ever found a bottle of immature

JOHNNIE WALKER

To safeguard its maturity, our policy for the future is our policy of the past. First and foremost to see that the margin of stocks over sales is always large enough to maintain our unique quality.

JOHNNIE WALKER, "White" Label. Over 5 years old.
JOHNNIE WALKER, "Red" Label. Over 10 years old.
JOHNNIE WALKER, "Black" Label. Over 12 years old.

Guaranteed same quality throughout the World.

To be obtained from the Sole Agents for China:—
CALDERON, MACGREGOR & CO.,
Hongkong, Canton, Shanghai, Tientsin, Peking, etc.

JOHNNIE WALKER & SONS
Glenrothes, Scotland.

Born 1820
Still going strong.

20,000 DOCTORS

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PLASMON

Because

"Plasmon" is of INESTIMABLE VALUE as a food for all classes of workers."—Dr. Virchow, Berlin.

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Distributors for

COLE DODGE & OLDSMOBILE Cars,
FEDERAL Trucks—FISK Tires,
HARLEY-DAVIDSON Motorcycles.

ARROW, BRENNAN, JACOBSEN, MEITZ,
RED WING, ROBERTS & VENN-
SEVERIN Marine engines.

We stock Spare Parts also carry a complete line of
Auto-Accessories and Motorboat Fittings.

Motor Car Storage

Repairs of all descriptions under European supervision.
Re-painting a speciality.

Inquires and Inspection Invited.

Call at our Motor Garage

No. 7, Russell St.

Phone 659.

DODWELL & COMPANY, LTD.

STEAMSHIP SERVICES.

Regular Sailings to

NEW YORK

via Panama Canal.

S.S. "ST. ANDREW"

Sailing on or about February 8th.

S.S. "MUNCASTER CASTLE"

Sailing on or about March 23rd.

LLOYD TRIESTINO

S.S. "PILSN"

BRINDISI VENICE & TRIESTE

Sailing about End of March, 1930.

NANYO YUSEN KAISHA, Ltd.

(SOUTH SEA MAIL S.S. CO.)

Regular Services between

JAPAN, HONGKONG & JAVA.

For JAPAN,

S.S. "BORNEO MARU"

Sailing on or about February 10th.

For JAVA,

S.S. "RIJUN MARU"

Sailing on or about February 26th.

OCEAN TRANSPORT Co., Ltd.

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Steamship Service Trans-Pacific.

Also to Australia, Europe, etc.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

TAKING Cargo on through Bills of Lading to SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS
with transshipment at CALCUTTA

in conjunction with the

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO. LTD.

AND "APCAR" LINES.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines apply to—

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Agents.

110

FOR NEW YORK.

PRINCE LINE FAR EAST SERVICE

S.S. "GOTHIC PRINCE"

will be despatched for New York via Panama Canal

on or about 10th March.

For freight and further particulars, apply to—

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,

Agents.

140

For NEW YORK & BOSTON.

THE U.S. SHIPPING BOARD

S.S. "CAPE MAY"

EARLY FEBRUARY.

Via PANAMA.

S.S. "SAGAPORACK"

MIDDLE FEBRUARY.

Via PANAMA.

S.S. "HATCHIE"

MIDDLE MARCH.

Via PANAMA.

S.S. "WESTERN CROSS"

EARLY APRIL.

Via PANAMA.

For freight space and particulars apply to—

THE ADMIRAL LINE

TELEPHONE
2477 & 2478

AGENTS.

2nd Floor
HOTEL MANDALAY.

206

POSITION IN EGYPT.

WHAT THE EGYPTIANS WANT.

Mr. W. S. Blunt writes to the *Times*—
At the end of December, 1881, I was
privileged to forward to you the first
National Egyptian programme, which you
published in *The Times* a few days
later.

To-day I ask you to publish a few
observations I feel bound to make in view
of the Milner Commission just arrived
at Cairo, believing that it will help your
readers, in addition to Sir Valentine
Chirol's letters, to understand where the
true difficulties lie. What I would im-
press upon them is this—

"If a permanent reconciliation is to be
effected between our Foreign Office and
Egyptian nationalism the following six
points will have to be accepted as forming
a basis of our English proposals:—

(1) A legal status must be found for
the ruler of Egypt more valid than that
of appointment by King George, whose
authority to impose a ruler is regarded as
illegal and will not be recognized.

(2) This ruler must be a Mahomedan,
and should be chosen by some form of
plebiscite. The strict legal form, accord-
ing to Mahomedan precedent, would be
by vote of a Grand Council of the nation,
composed of the "Notables" Coptic as
well as Mahomedan. The ruler's right
when chosen should be confirmed by
firmans of the Ottoman Sultan in the
Treaty of Peace.

(3) The right of the Ottoman Sultan
to the Caliphate being universally ad-
mitted in Egypt, it would be greatly to
the Egyptian ruler's authority with
the masses that the nominal connection
with Constantinople should be main-
tained. Though Turkish administration is
neither desired nor would be tolerated
by Egyptian Nationalists (Egypt having
enjoyed complete administrative inde-
pendence of the Porte for 80 years), the
Ottoman Sultan's position as suzerain is
(as it has always been) prized by the
Egyptian "fellahs" as that of their sole
legal Sovereign, commanding their spiri-
tual loyalty. This has been over and
again proved to be the popular case with-
in the period of the British military
occupation.

(4) As to the proposal of a Constitu-
tion to be discussed by the Milner Com-
mission, it should be remembered that Egypt
was already in possession of a very com-
plete Constitution actually in working
order when the English Government of
this day (Mr. Gladstone's) resolved for
financial reasons to forbid it by armed
intervention. The Constitution had been
drawn up by an Assembly of Elected
Delegates and summoned for the purpose
to Cairo by the then Khedive Tewfik, and
after much public discussion it had been
voted in all its details by the Assembly
and was decreed by the Khedive as the
fundamental law of the land (*Law*) on
February 7th, 1883. (The text of it will
be found in our Blue-books of the day and
in the French Yellow Book). In Egypt
it was hailed with acclamation by all the
native population, Coptic as well as
Mahomedan, and by no few European
residents, as the commencement of a new
era of self-government and practical re-
form on lines afterwards adopted as a
novel experiment by Lord Dufferin in his
celebrated Charter of 1883. The Chamber
of Deputies thus legally elected, a
Nationalist Ministry had come into power
and had held its first session successfully,
and had sketched a programme of mea-
sures almost identical with the reforms
introduced later by Lord Cromer and
attributed by English apologists, includ-
ing Lord Milner, to English initiative.

This fact of the already existing Con-
stitution of February, 1882, needs to be
remembered, as also the other fact that
the reason given for its being quarrelled
with by Mr. Gladstone's Government was
no more defensible a one than that it
had been granted a power of voting that
half of the annual Budget which did not
affect the foreign debt. All this may be
read in the Blue-books, but is, I notice,
ignored by Sir Valentine Chirol, as it
was by Lord Cromer.

(5) The present Nationalist leader Saad
Zaghul, a most able and enlightened
follower of the Grand Mufti Sheikh
Mohammed Abdu, has personal reason to
doubt our English good faith in the fact
that as a young adherent of the Con-
stitution he was arrested after Tel-el
Kebir and detained in prison as late as
the month of September, 1883, notwith-
standing the general decree of amnesty
imposed by Lord Dufferin.

(6) I submit, therefore, that there is no
need for the Milner Commission to waste
time in devising a new Constitution,
when the old one of 1882, excellent in all
respects, stands ready to their hand.

Nevertheless, should a new one be in-
stituted on to save our English official face,
three points will have to be insisted on
if it is to be of any use to Egyptian
autonomy:—(1) The legislative body must
be endowed with real voting power; not
merely that of a consultative body; (2)
The Executive administration must be
made dependent on it, not on the ruler's
will; and (3) it must not be subject to
arbitrary revocation or delay in being
convoked.

The lack of these essentials of con-
stitutional life has enabled the British
Agent all these 40 years to govern Egypt
through dummy Ministers, independent
of all Parliamentary control, men chosen
for their pliability, a practice which
would remain provocative of acts of pa-
triotic violence.

(7) As long as a British garrison is
maintained in Egypt it must be composed
of English regular troops, not of Colonial
troops or other irregulars, and kept
under the strictest discipline. The garri-
son should be confined to Alexandria and
the Suez Canal as the chief points of
danger from abroad, and containing the
chief elements of disturbance in their
foreign population. An early date should
be fixed for its withdrawal from Cairo.

(8) These conditions agreed to, and if
protection from outside danger, there
must be, I feel sure that Egyptian patri-
otism would be agreed to British protection
rather than to another. But the agree-
ment must be embodied in a public docu-
ment signed in Treaty form and consented
to by the general voice of Europe and
the world.

CAN WE GROW YOUNG AGAIN?

We have in an high authority that Dr.
Voronoff, of the College of France, is
continuing those investigations which first
excited comment throughout the world
last October.

"The learned doctor claimed that, by
grafting into animals already old some
of the glands of young animals, he had
renewed in them the vigour and vitality
of youth."

"The development of the idea points to
the use of the glands of our distant
cousins, the monkeys, for the benefit of
the human race. According to Voronoff,
when age creeps upon us, a sympathetic
surgeon may yet supply us with some
young glands, and we shall skip away
from his surgery like schoolboys on a half-
holiday."

If the doctor fails us, we must all try
to keep young by more ordinary methods,
and the accepted theory is that given
good digestion—a man should retain his
vigour long after the dyspeptic has even
lost hope.

That sound digestion is the main source
and preserver of health and strength is
an old-established doctrine, it accounts,
largely, for the ever-increasing success of
the world-famous digestive tonic, Mother
Seigel's Syrup, which ensures good diges-
tion in young and old alike.

Mother Seigel's Syrup is a herbal pre-
paration. It is not a stimulant. It does
not force the pace of the digestive or
nervous system. Instead, it first of all
gets rid of the impurities in the body by
regulating the bowels. It ensures that
you get full nourishment from food by
enabling the stomach to digest the food
you eat. It tones and regulates the liver,
so that the necessary amount of bile is
produced, by that organ, to assist in the
work of digestion.

Mother Seigel's Syrup helps you to
create new stores of strength, energy and
vitality, by toning and strengthening the
great vital organs of the body, and so
enabling them to extract the nourishment
from your food which it is essential you
should have, if your blood stream is to
carry life, vigour and vitality to
every part of your body.

There are times when we all need a
tonic, times when from various causes—
perhaps bad weather, over-work, worry,
excitement—the stomach, or the liver, or
the bowels, are just a trifle out of tone.

You can recognise the condition by the
occasional headaches, by languor, lassitu-
de, weariness, giddiness, a sense of pres-
sure on the chest, or fullness of the
stomach after a meal.

When you do need a tonic, take Mother
Seigel's Syrup, and you will soon discover
it is a real tonic for the stomach, liver
and bowels. It restores tone, vigour, and
vitality to every part of the body. Buy
the genuine remedy and put it to the test
yourself.

26

REPULSE BAY HOTEL.

FACE WEEK.

DINNER DANCES WILL BE HELD

ON THE FOLLOWING EVENINGS:—

Wednesday, February 11th,

Thursday, February 12th,

Friday, February 13th,

Saturday, February 14th.

SPECIAL TABLE D'HOTE MENU

at \$3.00 PER HEAD.

Bookings can be made at the Hongkong

Hotel Main Office or direct with

Repulse Bay.

Telephone No. 681.

Sunday, February 15th.

ORCHESTRAL CONCERTS will be held

during Tiffin and Afternoon Tea.

1310



Cuticura Promotes Beauty
Of Hair and Skin

If the Soap is used for every-day
toilet purposes assisted by occasional
touches of Cuticura Ointment to first
signs of pimples, freckles, roughness
or dandruff. Do not confound these
fragrant super-creamy emollients
with coarsely medicated, often dan-
gerous preparations urged as substi-
tutes.

Soap to cleanse (Rubbed to skin). Ointment
to soothe and heal. Cuticura Soap, 25c.
Cuticura Ointment, 25c. Sold everywhere.

24-10

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY

THERAPION No. 1

THERAPION No. 2

THERAPION No. 3

No. 1 For Rheumatism, No. 2 For Gout, No. 3 For
Gravel, No. 4 For Catarrh, No. 5 For
Sciatic Rheumatism, No. 6 For Neuritis, No. 7
For Migraine, No. 8 For Headache, No. 9 For
Toothache, No. 10 For Neuralgia, No. 11 For
Sciatic Pain, No. 12 For Backache, No. 13 For
Stomach Pain, No. 14 For Bowel Pain, No. 15 For
Menstrual Pain, No. 16 For Childbirth, No. 17
For Lactation, No. 18 For All Pains.

20

INDO-CHINA

STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

SHANGHAI via SWATOW ... "CHOYSANG" ... Sun. 8th Feb. 11 light
STRAITS & CALCUTTA ... "FOOKSANG" ... Tues. 10th Feb. 3 p.m.
MANILA ... "YUENSANG" ... Fri. 13th Feb. 3 p.m.
STRAITS & CALCUTTA ... "KWAI SANG" ... Fri. 13th Feb. 3 p.m.
HAIPHONG via HOIHOW ... "KUMSANG" ... Sun. 15th Feb. 8 a.m.
KORE ... "HINSANG" ... Tues. 18th Feb. 8 p.m.
SANDAKAN ... "HINSANG" ... Tues. 18th Feb. 8 p.m.

CALCUTTA LINE—This Line affords regular sailings to Calcutta, Penang and
Singapore, returning from Calcutta via Swatow, Penang, and
Singapore, and from Hongkong to Japan, occasionally calling at Shanghai.
All passengers have excellent passenger accommodation, are
fitted with Electric Light and Fans and carry a fully-qualified
Surgeon.

HANGHAI LINE—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton and
Shanghai, sometimes calling at Swatow. Through tickets can
be obtained and through Bills of Lading are issued to all
Northern and Yangtze Ports via Shanghai.

MANILA LINE—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with good
passenger accommodation, sailings from both ports every Friday.
Sailings approximately weekly for passengers and cargo,
calling at Hoihow when inducement offers.

HAIPHONG LINE—One sailing per month between Hongkong and Sandakan by
a steamer having up-to-date accommodation for passengers.
Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading for Kuala Lumpur,
Labuan, Tawau and Lahad Dava.

NIENSTEIN LINE—A regular service is run from March to November between
Hongkong and Nienstein, calling at Weihaiwei and Cheloo.

CALCUTTA LINE.

S.S. "FOOKSANG" & "KWAI SANG"

will be despatched on or about February 10th and 13th,
respectively for SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA.

Through Bills of Lading issued to RANGOON, PORT

SWETTENHAM and MADRAS.

For Freight or Passage apply to—

Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.,

GENERAL MANAGERS

TELEPHONE No. 215.

GLEN AND SHIRE

Joint Service of Steamers

U.K.—STRAITS, CHINA & JAPAN SERVICE.

OUTWARDS.

Vessel ... Due Hongkong

"PEMBROKESHIRE" ... 8th Feb.

HOMEWARDS.

Vessel ... Leaves Hongkong

"GLENAMOY" ... About 5th February ... GENOA & ANTWERP

"GLENNAVY" ... Middle of February ... GENOA & ANTWERP

"GLENSTRAK" ... Middle of February ... LONDON

"GLENARIFFE" ... End of February ... GENOA & ANTWERP

"PEMBROKESHIRE" ... Middle of March ... LONDON

Movements are subject to change without notice.

For freight or further particulars please apply to—

Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.

AGENTS: The Glen Line, Ltd.

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.

Owners of "Shire" Line.

Tel. No. 215, sub. ex. 22.

22

Cable Address

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Bentley's, A.B.C. 5th Ed.

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Telephone: Sannomiy

2944, 2933.

KAWASAKI KISEN KAISHA

(KAWASAKI STEAMSHIP CO.)

CAPITAL PAID-UP ... Y20,000,000

President: Mr. Y. KAWASAKI

Vice-President: Mr. K. MATSUYAMA

Managing Director: Mr. MASATA ABE

The Company has on hand a Large Number of

NEW CARGO STEAMERS

ALWAYS READY FOR

CHARTERS of all descriptions.

The following are comprised in the Company's Fleet:—

Eleven steamers of 9,100 tons each d.d. weight.

And, under the Company's management:—

Twenty steamers of about 9,100 tons deadweight each

Two steamers of about 6,400 tons deadweight each.

Belonging to the Kawasaki Dockyard Co., Ltd.

For Charter Rates and all other particulars apply to the

KAWASAKI KISEN KAISHA.

No. 8, EMBU, KOB.

122

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

February 6th.

Bangkok, French str., 3,079 tons, Capt. Esme, from Yokohama, with a general cargo.—M. M. Co.

Glebe, British str., 1,011 tons, Capt. Francis, from Karatsu, with a general cargo.—J. M. & Co.

Zinnia, British str., 1,328 tons, Capt. Martin, from Canton, in ballast.—H. & S.

Mitsui Maru, Japanese str., 3,631 tons, Capt. Iwazawa, from Moji, with a general cargo.—O.S.K.

Tsuny Nish, Chinese str., 748 tons, Capt. Newbery, from Lungchow, with a general cargo.—C.M.S.N. Co.

February 6th.

Chong Sang, British str., 1,421 tons, Capt. Baker, from Canton, with a general cargo.—J. M. & Co.

Chuen On, Chinese str., 255 tons, Capt. Chan Tsan, from Port Bayard, with a general cargo.—Yau Tai.

Kaiyong, French str., 177 tons, Capt. Pannier, from Haiphong and Pakhoi, with a general cargo.—Seng Koo.

Proteus, British str., 618 tons, Capt. Read, from Manila, with a general cargo.—B. & S.

Shingyo Maru, Japanese str., 3,631 tons, Capt. Matsumoto, from Bombay, with a general cargo.—N.Y.K.

Tak Sang, British str., 977 tons, Captain Picknell, from Haiphong, with a general cargo.—J. M. & Co.

Tai Nee Ma, Chinese str., 402 tons, Capt. Maker, from Pakhoi and Haiphong, with a general cargo.—Yau Tai & Co.

SHIPPING MOVEMENTS.

The Admiral Line s.s. *Leopold* (from Seattle) sailed from Shanghai, on the morning of the 5th inst., and will arrive at Hongkong to-morrow (Sunday) morning.

The P. & O. Co.'s s.s. *Kuchin* left Singapore for this port on the 4th inst. at 10 a.m., and is due here on the 9th inst. at about 6 a.m.

CHURCH SERVICES.

St. John's Cathedral, Hong Kong, February 8th, 1920. Holy Communion (7.50 a.m.) Service, Morpheus; Hymns, 202, 162, 323, 558 and 551. Matins (11 a.m.) Response, Gental; Venite, Hayes; Psalm, Turtin (10th morning); Te Deum, Barby, Turle and Turle (13th evening); Benedictus, Matthews (4th morning); Hymns, 172, 530; Sevenfold Amen. A.B.—Psalm 139 verses 1, 8, 11 and 12 in union and 19 and 32 to be omitted; Hymns 172, verses 1, 3 and 7 in union; Hymns 500 verses 1 and 6 in union; Litany (12 noon). Evensong (6 p.m.) Response, Ferri; Psalm, Goss and Foster (4th morning); Nunc Dimittis, Andastine in E. minor; Psalm, 9; Magnificat, Barby (8th evening); Nunc Dimittis, Kiley (3rd morning); Hymns, 163, 334 and 180; Sevenfold Amen. A.B.—Psalm 92, verses 1, 2, 10 and 31 in union; Psalm 92, verses 1, 2, 10 and 31 in union; Hymn 163 verse 1 in union; Hymn 334 verse 3 in union; Hymn 180, verses 1 and 6 in union.

St. Andrew's Church, Kowloon, February 8th, 1920. Morning Service at 11 a.m. Holy Communion at 11.15 a.m. Morning Prayer at 11 a.m. Opening Voluntary: Responses, Ferri; Venite, Hayes; Psalm, 139 Turtin (10th morning); Te Deum, Oakley (15th evening); Jubilate, Oakley; Kyrie, Mendelssohn; Hymns, 5, 404, 423. Concluding Voluntary. Evening Prayer at 6 p.m. Opening Voluntary: Responses, Ferri; Psalm 20 Goss, 20 Foster (5th morning); Magnificat, Barby (11th evening); Nunc Dimittis, Monk; Hymns, 562, 550, 180. Vesper Hymn.

Union Church, Kennedy Road, Sunday, February 8th. Morning Service at 11 a.m. Hymns, 377, 568, 289, 298; Psalm 20. Evening Service at 6 p.m. Hymns 361, 298, 339, 60. Prose, Rev. J. Kirk Macdonald.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Macdonnell Road, Sunday, 11.15 a.m. Wednesday, 5.30 p.m.

HONGKONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hongkong Observatory, February 6th.

	Previous Day at 5 p.m.	On Date at 5 p.m.	On Date at 1 p.m.
Barometer	29.72	29.56	29.83
Temperature	69	71	76
Humidity	85	85	81
Wind Direction	East	SW	SSW
Force	1	2	3
Weather	on	cd	cd
Rain	0.07		

Highest open-air temperature on 5th...73

Lowest open-air temperature on 6th...71

WEATHER REPORT.

February 6th at 12.11.—No returns from Vladivostok, Japan, or the Marianas.

Pearlman has increased considerably at Shanghai, moderately at Foshan and slightly over Formosa. It has decreased slightly from Hongkong to Haiphong.

A depression is still shown over S.W. China. The monsoon will set in again along the south-east coast of China and over the N. China Sea.

Hongkong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.04 inch. Total since January 1st, 0.17 inches, against an average of 1.43 inches.

The forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon to-day is as follows:—

District	Forecast
Hongkong to Gap Rock	S.E. to N.E. winds, moderate to fresh; cloudy, some drizzling rain or mist, colder.
Formosa Channel	The same as No. 1.
South Coast of China between Hongkong and Lamoo	The same as No. 1.
South Coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan	The same as No. 1.

CHINA COAST METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

FEBRUARY 6TH, A.M.

Station.	Hour	Barometer at Sea Level.	Temperature	Humidity	Wind		Weather.
					Direction.	Force.	
Vladivostok	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nemuro	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hakodate	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tokio	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kochi	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nagasaki	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kagoshima	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Osaka	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yokohama	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shanghai	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Amoy	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Swatow	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yokohama	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tokio	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kobe	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nagasaki	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kagoshima	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Osaka	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yokohama	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shanghai	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Amoy	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Swatow	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yokohama	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tokio	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kobe	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nagasaki	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kagoshima	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Osaka	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yokohama	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shanghai	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Amoy	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Swatow	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
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Kobe	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nagasaki	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
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Kobe	6 a.	—	—	—	—	—	—
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O. H. BITTER Freight and Passenger A
Ice House Street
Prince's Buildings.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

INWARD MAILS.

FROM	PER	DATE
Bombay via Nedapattam	Toloni Maru	7th Feb.
Europe via Nedapattam	Toloni Maru	8th Feb.
Japan and Shanghai	Toloni Maru	8th Feb.
Swatow	Toloni Maru	8th Feb.
Swatow	Toloni Maru	8th Feb.
Europe via Nedapattam	Toloni Maru	8th Feb.
U.S.A., Japan and Manila	Toloni Maru	8th Feb.

OUTWARD MAILS.

FOR	PER	DATE
Swatow	Yuei Sheng	Saturday, 7th, 8.00 A.M.
Philippine Is., *Mimvia, *Australia and *New Zealand via Sydney	Mitaki Maru	Saturday, 7th, 11.00 A.M.
Macao	Sui Tai	Saturday, 7th, 1.15 P.M.
Hoibow	Tai Sui Maru	Saturday, 7th, 2.00 P.M.
Amoy, *Shanghai and *North China	Tai Sui Maru	Saturday, 7th, 2.00 P.M.
*Swatow, *Shanghai and *North China	Tai Sui Maru	Saturday, 7th, 2.00 P.M.
Saigon	Tai Sui Maru	Saturday, 7th, 2.00 P.M.
Macao	Tai Sui Maru	Saturday, 7th, 2.00 P.M.
*Swatow, *Shanghai and *N. China	Tai Sui Maru	Saturday, 7th, 2.00 P.M.
Pakhoi	Tai Sui Maru	Saturday, 7th, 2.00 P.M.
Macao	Sui Tai	Sunday, 8th, 8.15 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy, and Formosa via Keelung	Kajo Maru	Sunday, 8th, 8.00 A.M.
Shanghai and North China	Kajo Maru	Sunday, 8th, 8.00 A.M.
Straits, Bangkok, Ceylon, Mauritius, South Africa, L. Marquis, India via Dhanushkodi, Egypt and *EUROPE via SUEZ	Kajo Maru	Sunday, 8th, 8.00 A.M.
The Parcel Mail will be closed on Saturday, 7th Feb. at 5 p.m.		
Swatow and *Bangkok	Changchow	Monday, 9th, 3.00 P.M.
Shanghai, N. China and Japan via Moji	Changchow	Monday, 9th, 3.00 P.M.
Shanghai and North China	Changchow	Monday, 9th, 3.00 P.M.
Straits, Bangkok, Ceylon, Mauritius, South Africa, L. Marquis, India via Dhanushkodi, Egypt and *EUROPE via MARSEILLES	Changchow	Monday, 9th, 3.00 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Hai Hong	Tuesday, 10th, Noon
Straits, Bangkok, India via Calcutta & Aden	Hai Hong	Tuesday, 10th, Noon
Philippine Islands	Hai Hong	Tuesday, 10th, Noon
Swatow and North China	Hai Hong	Tuesday, 10th, Noon
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Hai Hong	Tuesday, 10th, Noon
Philippine Islands	Hai Hong	Tuesday, 10th, Noon
Shanghai and North China	Hai Hong	Tuesday, 10th, Noon
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Hai Hong	Tuesday, 10th, Noon
Philippine Islands, Australia, and New Zealand, via Thursday Island	Aki Maru	Wednesday, 10th, 9.30 A.M.
Shanghai, North China and Japan via Kobe	Kaga Maru	Thursday, 10th, 10.00 A.M.
Straits, Bangkok, Ceylon, Mauritius, South Africa, L. Marquis, India via Dhanushkodi, Egypt and *EUROPE via MARSEILLES	Kaga Maru	Thursday, 10th, 10.00 A.M.
Japan via Nagasaki	Kaga Maru	Thursday, 10th, 10.00 A.M.
Philippine Islands, *Shanghai, *North China, *Japan via Nagasaki	Kaga Maru	Thursday, 10th, 10.00 A.M.
Canada, United States, Central and South America, and *EUROPE via VICTORIA, B.C.	Kaga Maru	Thursday, 10th, 10.00 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Tango Maru	Saturday, 21st, 10.00 A.M.
Philippine Islands	Tango Maru	Saturday, 21st, 10.00 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Tango Maru	Saturday, 21st, 10.00 A.M.
Philippine Islands	Tango Maru	Saturday, 21st, 10.00 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Tango Maru	Saturday, 21st, 10.00 A.M.
Philippine Islands	Tango Maru	Saturday, 21st, 10.00 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Tango Maru	Saturday, 21st, 10.00 A.M.
Philippine Islands	Tango Maru	Saturday, 21st, 10.00 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Tango Maru	Saturday, 21st, 10.00 A.M.
Philippine Islands	Tango Maru	Saturday, 21st, 10.00 A.M.

*Correspondence bearing vessel's name only.

COMMERCIAL.

OPENING QUOTATIONS.

On LONDON.—	February 6th.
Telegraphic Transfer	5/8
Bank Bills, on demand	5/8
Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight	5/8
Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight	5/8
Credit, at 4 months' sight	5/8
Documentary Bills, 4 months' sight	5/8
On PARIS.—	
Bank Bills, on demand	1335
Credit, at 4 months' sight	1335
On NEW YORK.—	
Bank Bills, on demand	93
Credit, at 60 days' sight	100
On BOMBAY.—	
Telegraphic Transfer	212
Bank Bills, on demand	212
On CALCUTTA.—	
Telegraphic Transfer	312
Bank Bills, on demand	312
On SHANGHAI.—	
Bank Bills, at sight	100
Private, 30 days' sight	100
On YOKOHAMA.—	
On demand—Pescos	2.0
On SINGAPORE.—	
On demand	142
On BATAVIA.—	
On demand	154
On HONGKONG.—	
On demand	100
On SAIGON.—	
On demand	100
On RANGOON.—	
On demand	100
On SINGAPORE, Bank's Buying Rate	\$ 3.45 n.
Gold LEAF, 100 fms. per tael	\$3250
BAR SILVER, per oz.	88 1/2

SUBSIDIARY COUNS.

Hongkong—30 cents piece	Per cent
Hongkong—10	2.80 Discount
Canton—30	7.50 Premium
Canton—10	0.00

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HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rates may be obtained on application. INTEREST on deposits is allowed on the Minimum Monthly Balances at 3 1/2 per cent. per annum. Depositors may transfer at their option balance of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at 4 per cent per annum. For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION N. J. STARR, Chief Manager. Hongkong November 2nd 1919.

THE BANK OF TAIWAN LIMITED (TAIWAN SHING).

INCORPORATED BY SPECIAL IMPERIAL CHARTER, 1899.
Capital Subscribed ... \$50,000,000
Capital (Paid-up) ... \$27,000,000
Reserve Funds ... \$7,000,000

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BRANCHES:
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CHINA—Shanghai, Hankow, Kiangsu, Amoy, Foochow, Swatow, Canton, OTHERS—Hongkong, Bangkok, Singapore, Soerabaya, Semarang, Batavia, Bombay, London, New York.

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SEIZO KONDOH, Manager.
2, Des Vaux Road, Central.
Hongkong, November 1st 1919.

THE BANK OF EAST ASIA LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:—No. 2, Queen's Road, Central.

Paid-up Capital ... \$2,000,000.00

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Mr. Chow Shou Son, Mr. Kan Ying Po, Mr. Li Koon Chun, Mr. Chan Kai Ming, Mr. Mok Ching Kong, Mr. Feng Ping Shan, Mr. Wong Yau Tung, Mr. K. K. Kwok, Mr. Chan Ching Shue, Mr. Ng Ching Lok.

Chief Manager:—Mr. K. Y. Fong.

Assistant Manager:—Mr. Li T. Fong.

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Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:—

For 3 months at the rate of 3 1/2 per cent. per annum.

For 6 months at the rate of 4 1/2 per cent. per annum.

For 12 months at the rate of 5 1/2 per cent. per annum.

KAN TONG PO, Chief Manager.

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PALACE HOTEL, KOWLOON

Corner of Haiphong & Hankow Roads

Tel. No. 2. Tel. Address: Palace.

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Cuisine under personal supervision of the Proprietor.

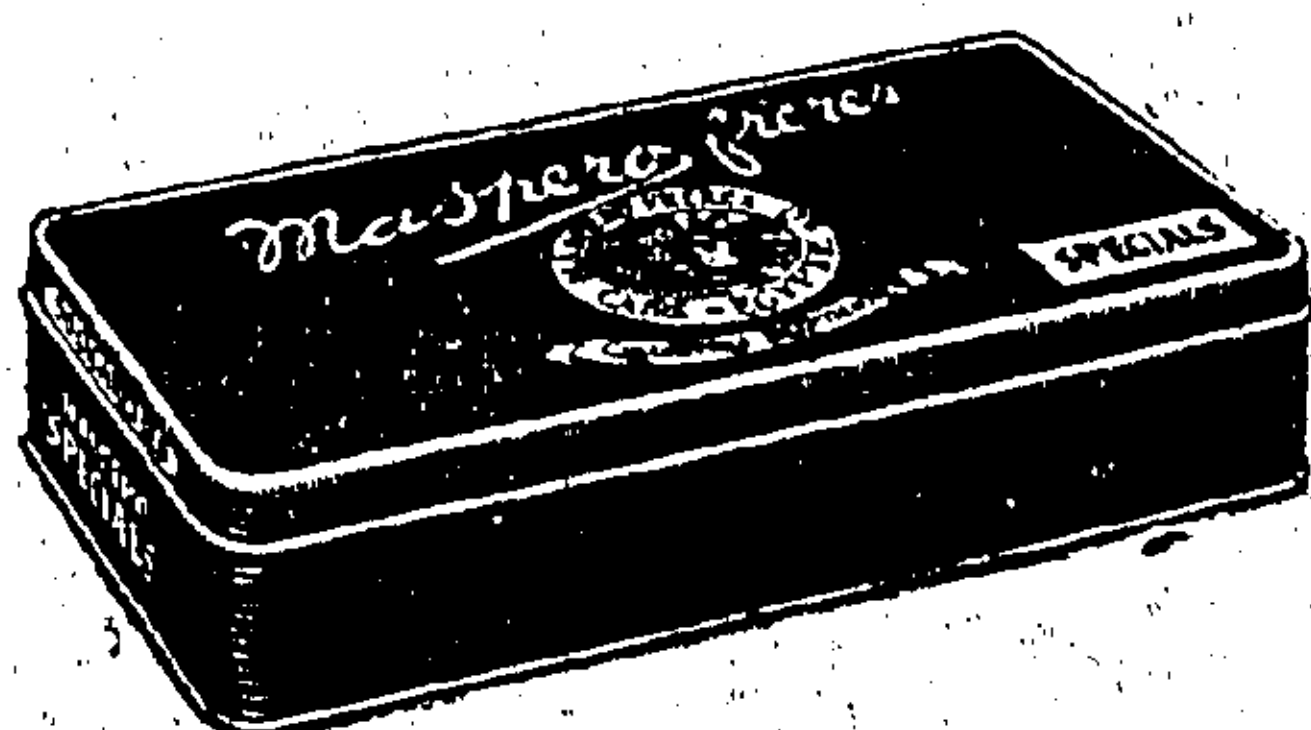
BAR AND BILLIARD ROOMS.

TERMS MODERATE.

Special Arrangements for Families on Application to—

J. H. OXBERRY, Proprietor.

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"SPECIALS"

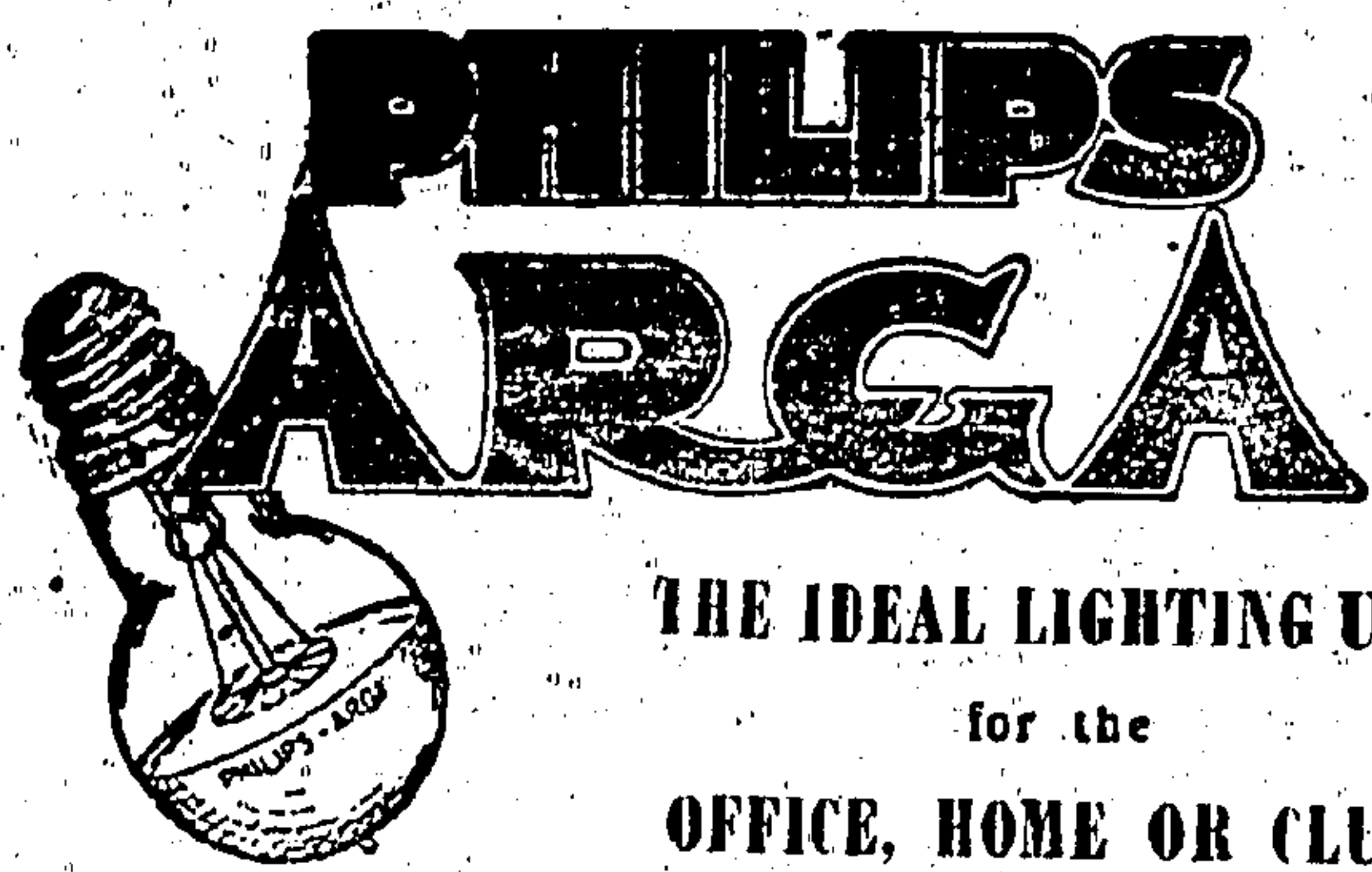
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OF DELIGHTFUL FLAVOUR.

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This problem has been solved in the ARGA which we now present for your trial and certain approval.

Supplied in 25 and 32 Candle Power. PRICE/50 cts. each.

Special prices given for large quantities.

WM. C. JACK & CO., LTD.

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DAIRY FARM NEWS
OUR BUTCHERY DEPARTMENT

Can supply all your requirements in Australian and Local Meats.

RABBITS, HARES, HAMS

BACON, SAUSAGE, CORNED

BEEF & PORK, etc. etc.

OUR THIS WEEK'S SPECIALITY

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TRY THEM!

THE DAIRY FARM & ICE COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.

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SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE.

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FOR the use of all Men of the Mercantile Marine and H.M. Navy.

Reading and Writing Rooms. Billiard Room. Officers' Room. C.O.'s Room. Restaurant. Co. of the Hall, Church.

Private Cabins and beds in Dormitories.

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DE. LECLERC'S PILLS FOR THE LIVER & KIDNEY

are valuable for diseases of these important organs.

Gravel, Pains in the Back, Gout, Rheumatism, & other ailments.

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AUTHORIZED CAPITAL ... F. 250,000,000

PAID UP ... F. 150,000,000

SUBSCRIBED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC ... F. 25,000,000

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General Manager: A. J. Perceval.

HEAD OFFICE: 74, Rue Saint-Lazare, PARIS.

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M. ROUET DE JOURNEL, Manager.

Hongkong, February 4th, 1920. 63

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: 15, Gracechurch St., London E.C. 3

Capital Authorized & Subscribed £1,500,000

Paid-up ... 750,000

Reserve Fund & Res. ... 750,000

Reserve Liability of shareholders ... 750,000

BANKERS:

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

THE LONDON JOINT CITY & MIDLAND BANK, LTD.

Branches:

Bombay, Hongkong, Kuala Lumpur, Rangoon, Calcutta, Howrah, Madras, Shanghai, Colombo, Kandy, New York, Singapore, Delhi, Karachi, Hong Kong, Galle, Kota Bharu, Port Louis (Mauritius).

HONGKONG BRANCH.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

INTEREST allowed on Current Accounts to 3 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance and on Fixed Deposits at rates that may be ascertained on application.

C. L. SANDES, Acting Manager.

7, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, December 12th, 1919. 144

THE BANK OF CHINA 行銀國中

(Specially authorized by Presidential Mandate of the Republic of China on the 22nd of November, 1917.)

Authorized Capital ... \$80,000,000.00

Paid-up Capital ... 12,378,800.00

Reserve Funds ... 3,187,400.00

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

HONGKONG BRANCH:—50-51, Connaught Road Central, Branches and Sub-branches all over China and Correspondents in San Francisco, Singapore and Tokyo.

London Bankers:—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

New York Bankers:—Irving Trust Company.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits. Terms on application.

Every description of Banking Business transacted.

Loans granted on approved securities.

Special facilities for Home Exchange.

Interest on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:—

For 3 months ... 3% per annum.

For 6 months ... 4% per annum.

For 12 months ... 5% per annum.

TSUYEE FEE, Manager.

Hongkong, February 6th, 1920. 84

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

HEAD OFFICE: LONDON.

Paid-up Capital ... £2,000,000

Reserve Fund ... £2,900,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors £2,000,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 1 year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

J. L. CROCKETT, Manager.

Hongkong, January 2nd 1920. 52

THE INDUSTRIAL & COMMERCIAL BANK, LTD.

Head Office:—6, Des Vaux Road Central

Hankow Branch:—Panoff Building.

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN BANKING SERVICE PROMPT.

CURRENT, Savings, and Fixed Deposits bear Interest at Rates 1 1/2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76